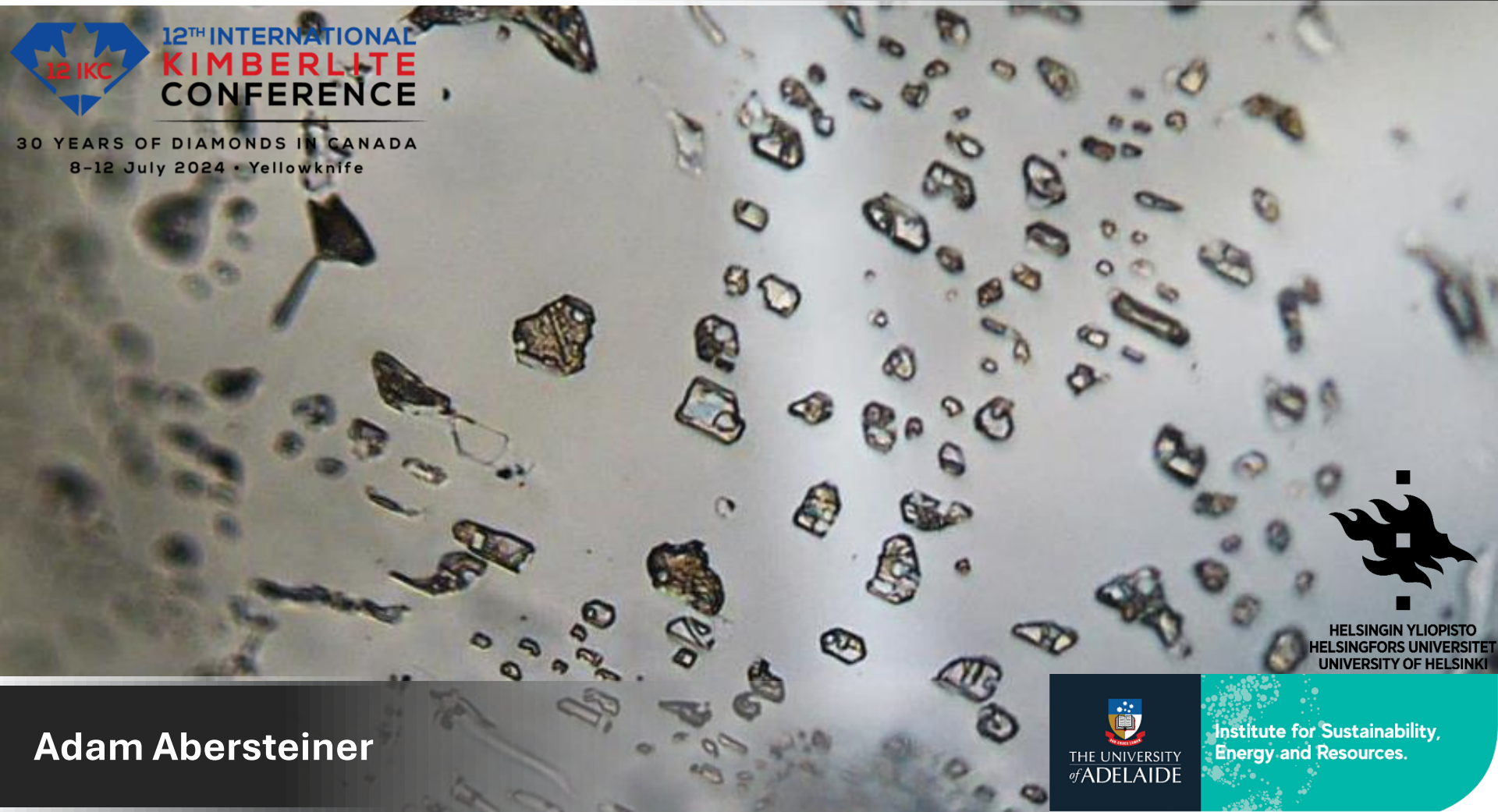


# Discovery and Interpretations of Melt Inclusions in Kimberlitic Olivine

Comparisons to experimental and reconstructed primitive/parental kimberlite melt compositions



HELSINGIN YLIOPISTO  
HELSINGFORS UNIVERSITET  
UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI

Adam Abersteiner

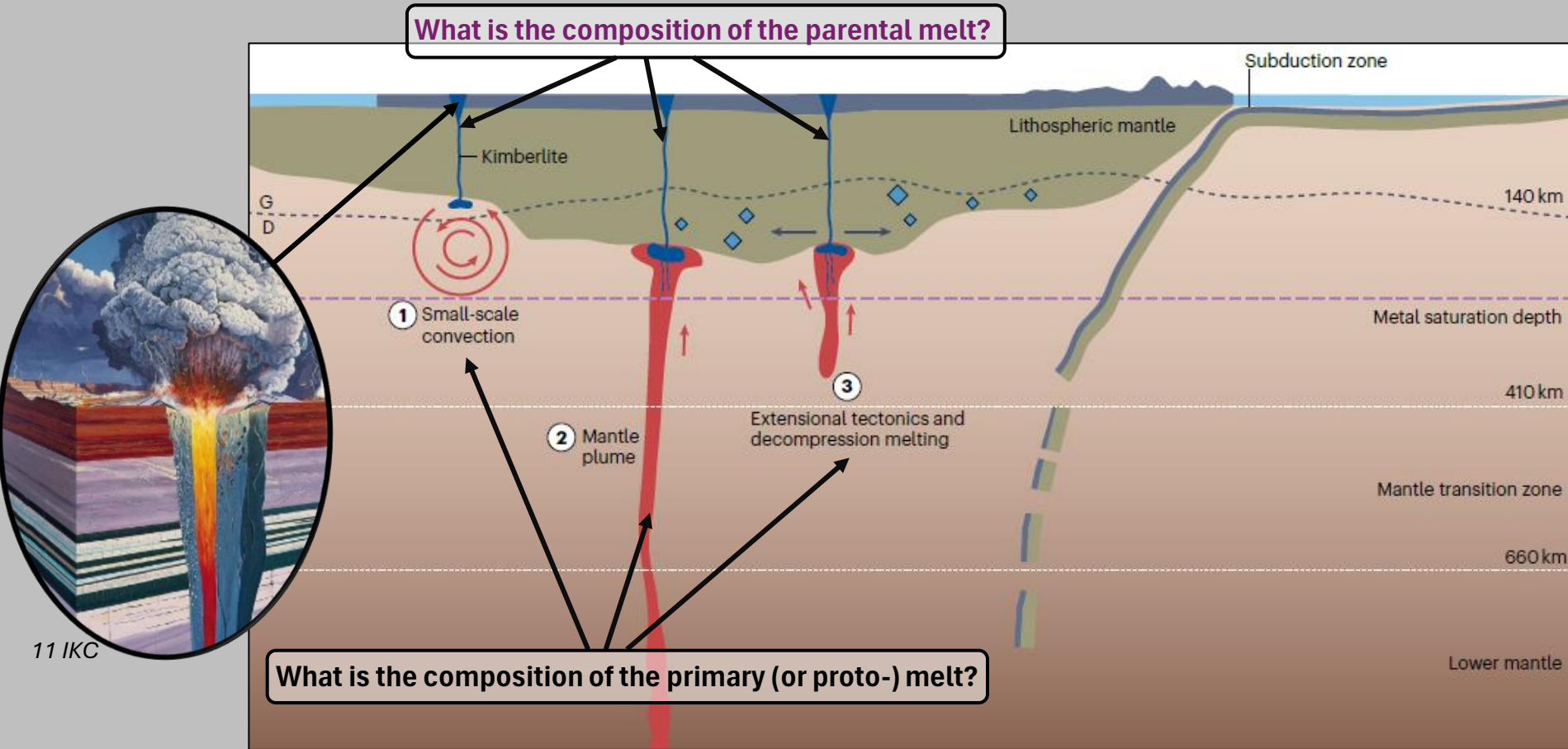


THE UNIVERSITY  
of ADELAIDE

Institute for Sustainability,  
Energy and Resources.

# What Problems do Melt/Fluid Inclusions Address?

## What was the composition of the primary/parental kimberlite melt?



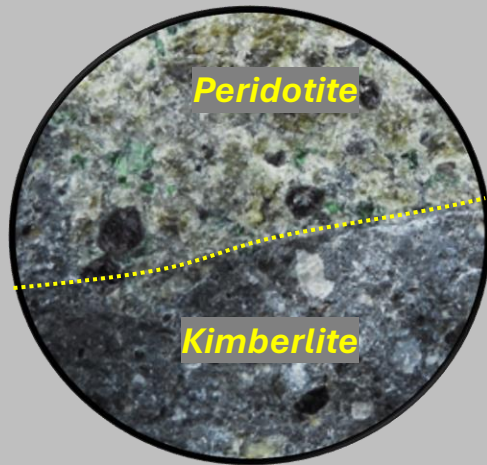
Giuliani et al. (2023)

# What Problems do Melt/Fluid Inclusions Address?

- Kimberlites represent complex, “*hybrid rocks containing xenocrystal, primary magmatic, and hydrothermal minerals*” (Mitchell et al., 2019)<sup>5</sup>.

**Bulk rock ≠ Kimberlite magma!**

## Mantle Contamination



*Entrainment and interaction with mantle xenoliths, xenocrysts...*

## Crustal Contamination



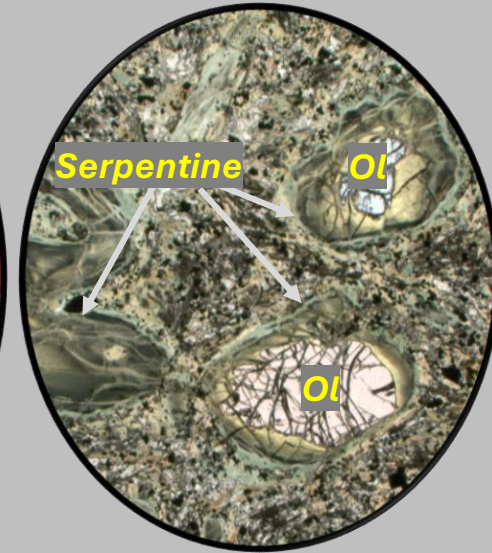
*Entrainment and interaction with crustal material...*

## Ascent & Eruption



*Degassing of volatiles (CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O), magma differentiation...*

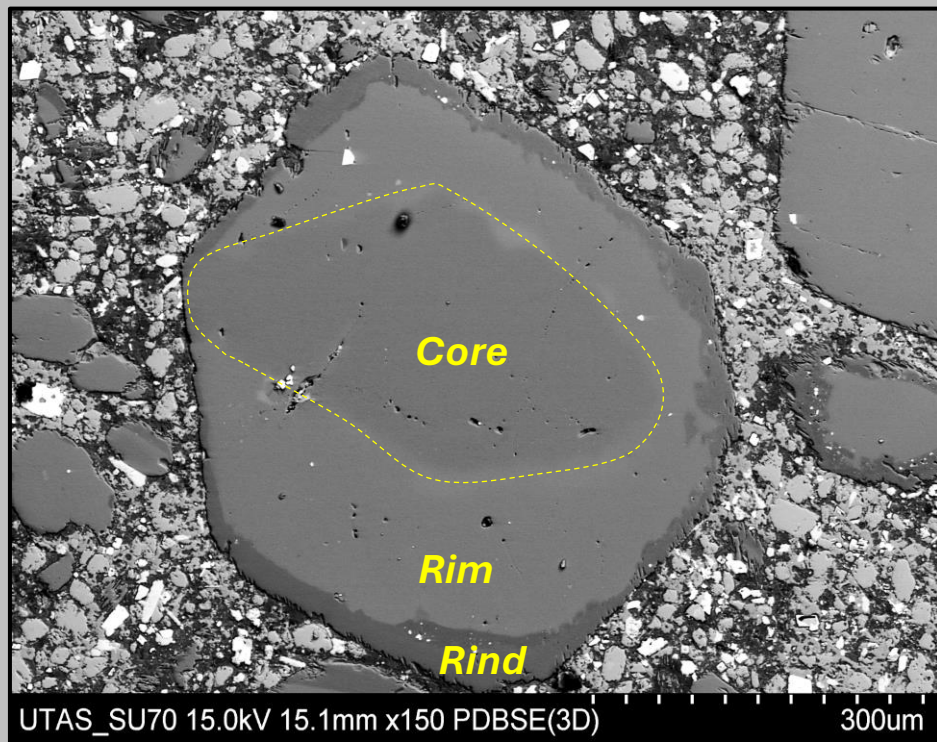
## Alteration



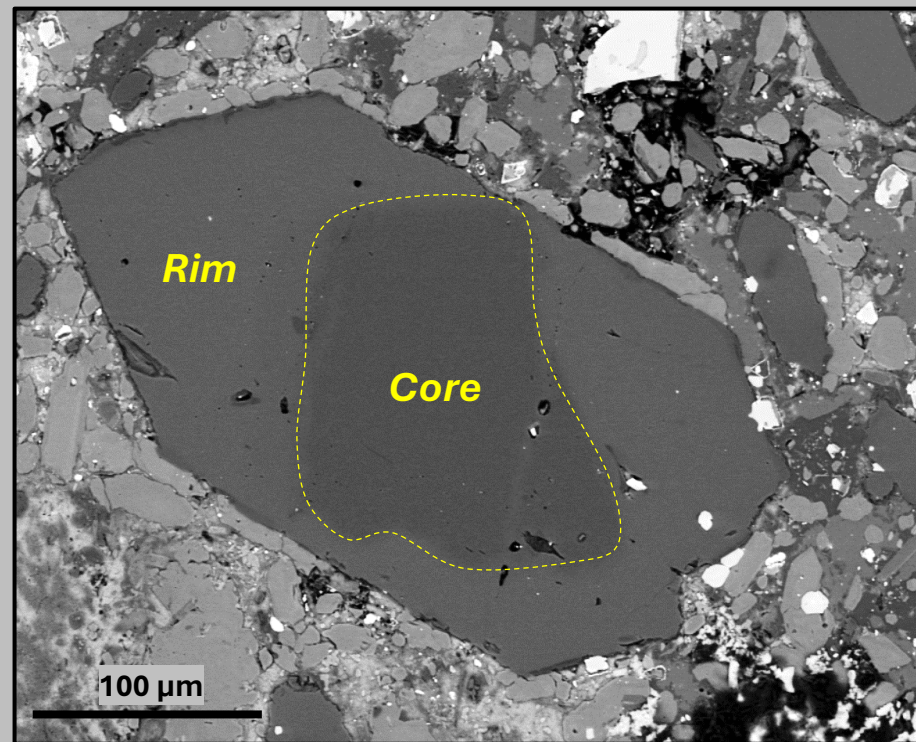
*Alteration, Serpentinization...*

# Historic Challenges

- “Fresh” olivine is required to reconstruct an unambiguous record of different generations of inclusions entrapped in olivine.
- Olivine has xenocrystic (e.g., core) and magmatic (e.g., rim, rind) components.



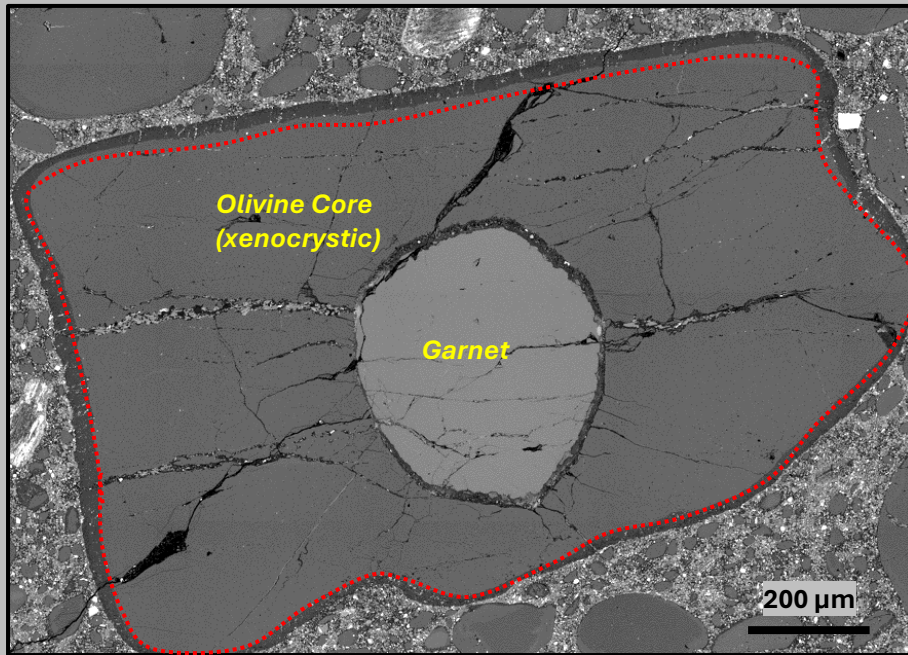
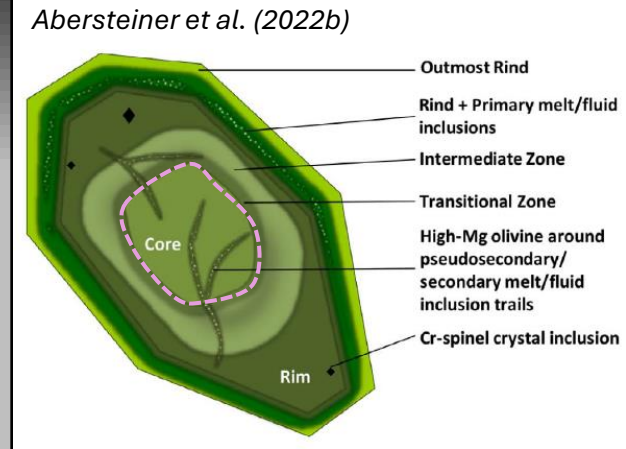
*Perfectly preserved olivine (Mark kimberlite, Canada)*



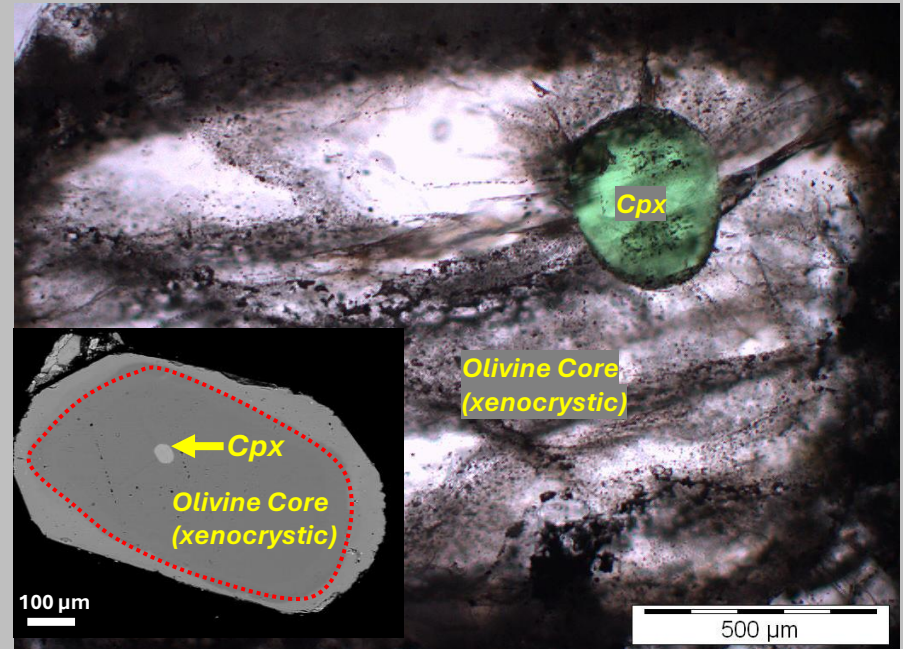
*Perfectly preserved olivine (Udachnaya-East, Russia)*

# Primary Crystal Inclusions in Olivine Cores

- **NO** primary melt/fluid inclusions in xenocrystic olivine cores.
- May contain crystal inclusions of other mantle minerals: Cr-diopside, enstatite, Cr-pyrope garnet, picroilmenite, sulphides.



Mark kimberlite (Canda)

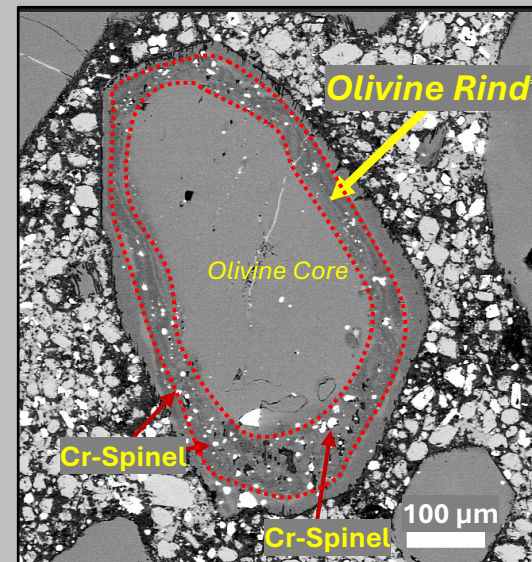
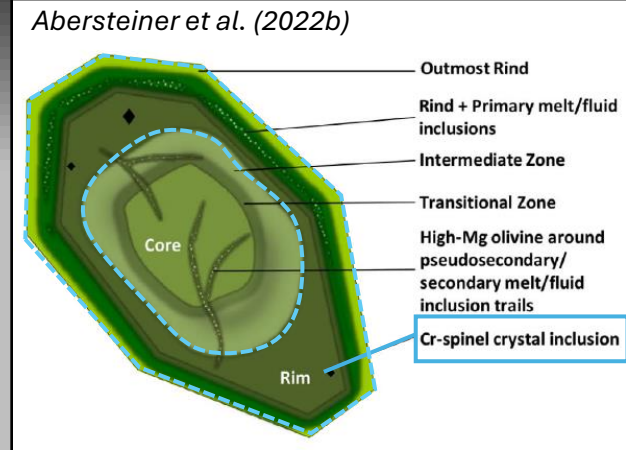


Udachnaya-East (Russia) – Kamenetsky et al. (2008)

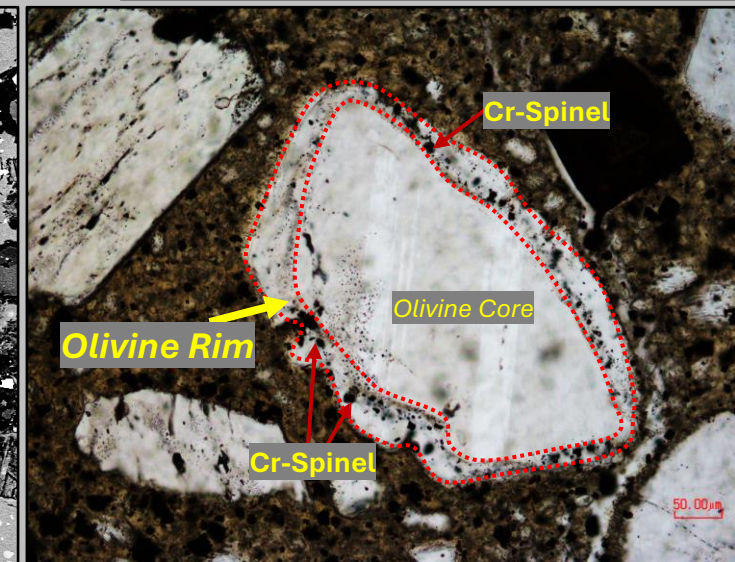
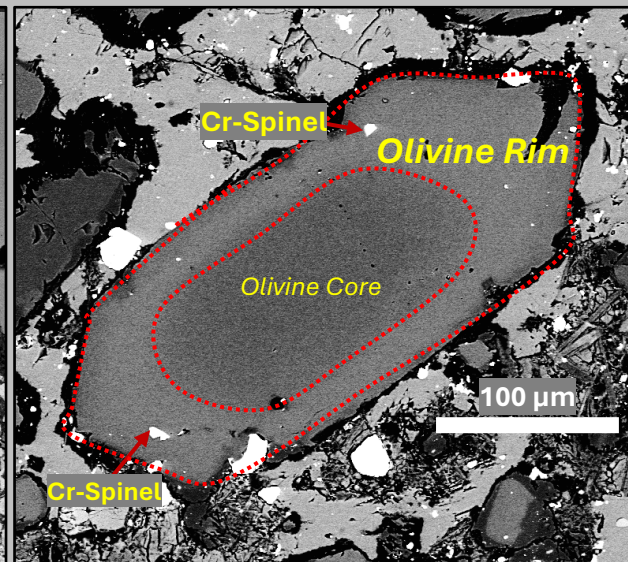
# Primary Crystal Inclusions in Magmatic Olivine Zones

## ➤ Magmatic olivine rims and rinds contain crystal inclusions of:

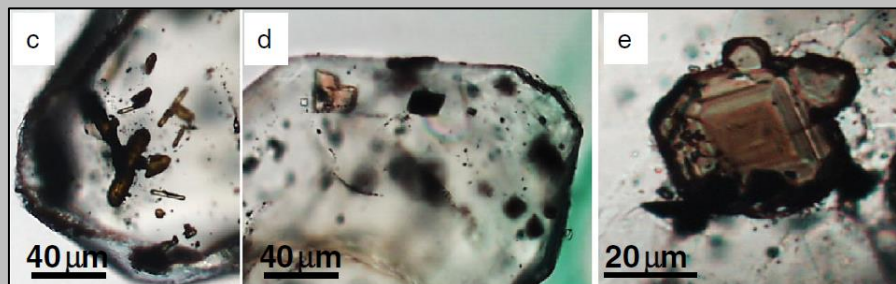
- Spinel - Cr-spinel and MUM-TIMAC, Mg-magnetite, pleonaste
- Phlogopite
- Perovskite
- Ilmenite
- Monticellite
- Apatite
- Rutile



Mark kimberlite (Canda)



Mark kimberlite (Canda)

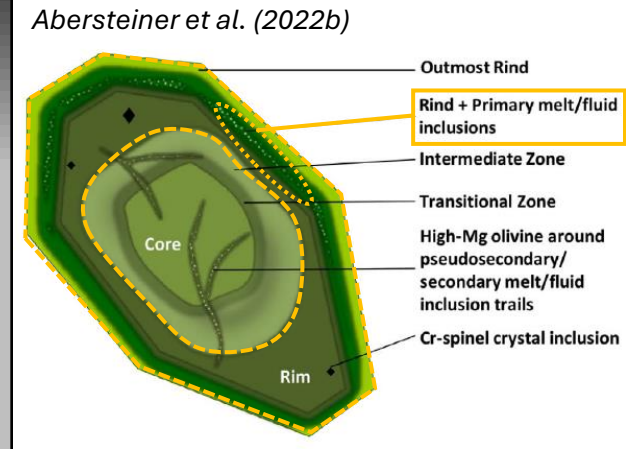


(Udachnaya-East)  
Kamenetsky et al., (2012)

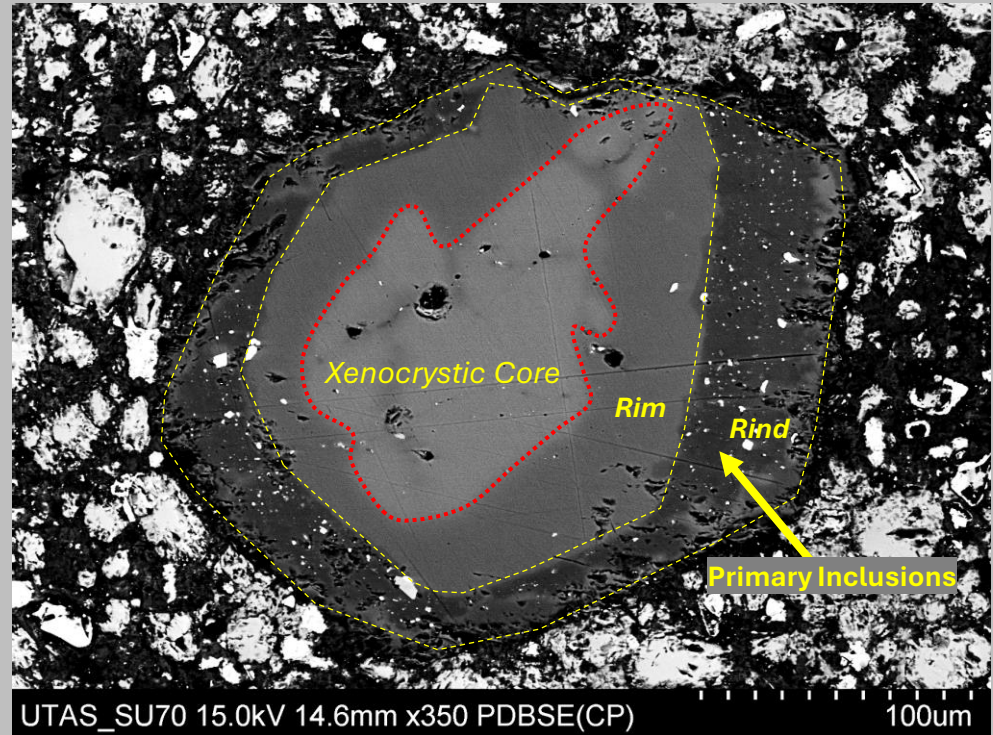
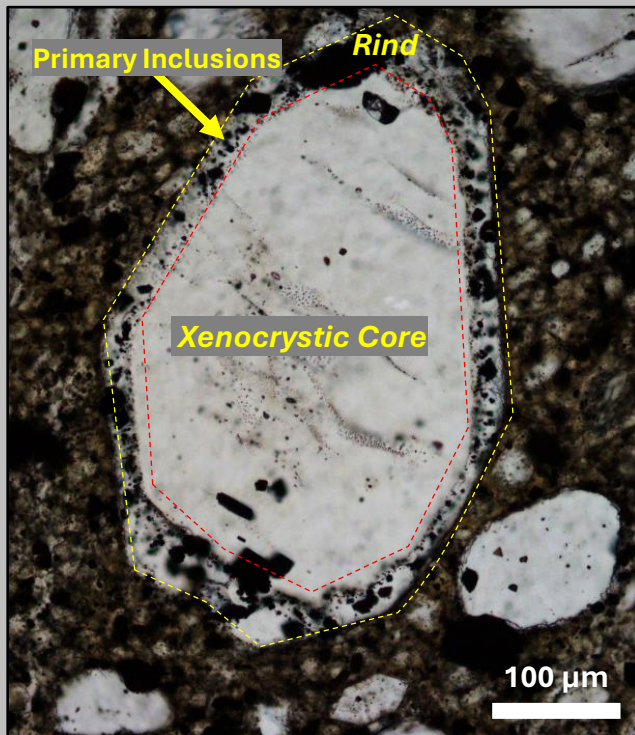
# Primary Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

➤ Restricted to magmatic growth zones (rims, rinds).

➤ Extremely rare.

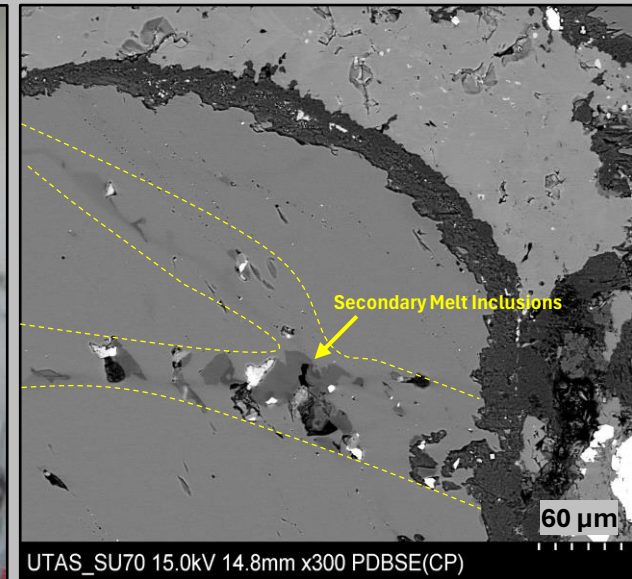
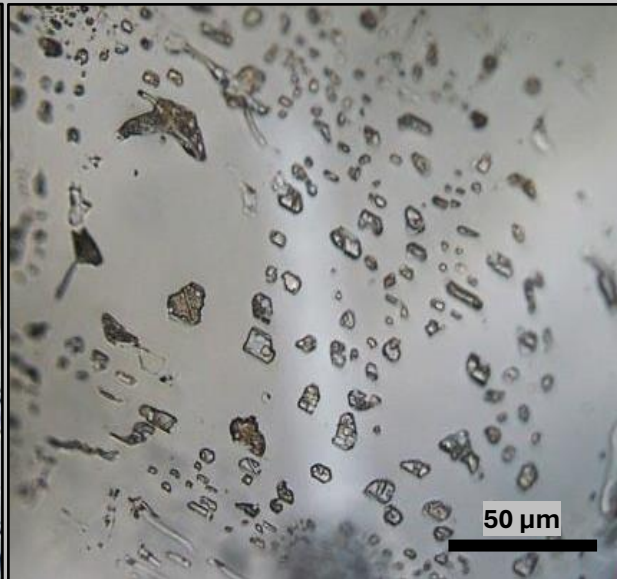
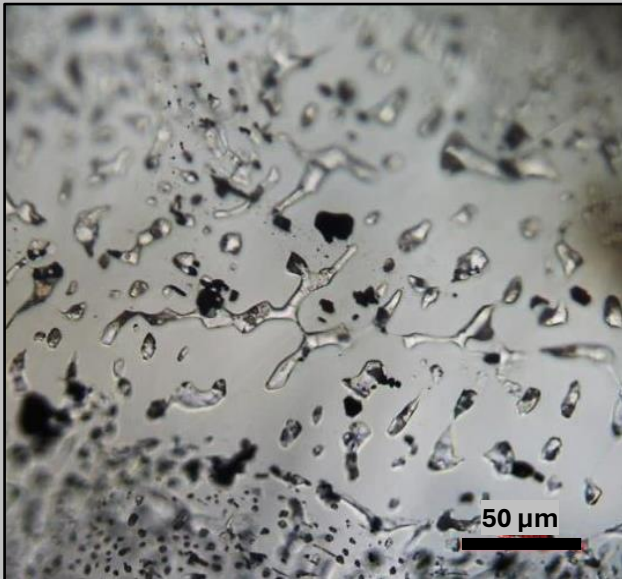
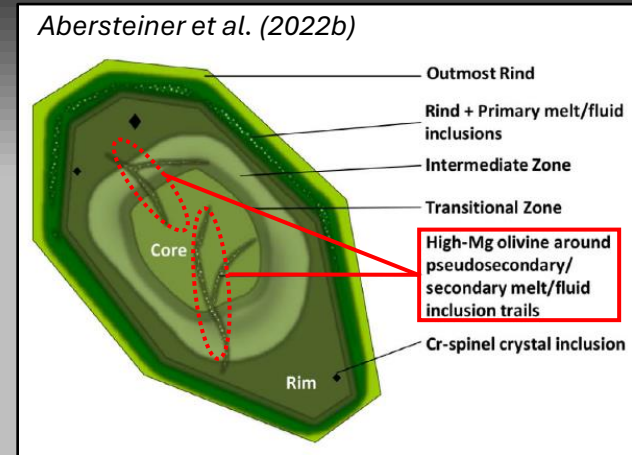


Mark kimberlite (Canda) – Abersteiner et al., (2020b)



# Secondary Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

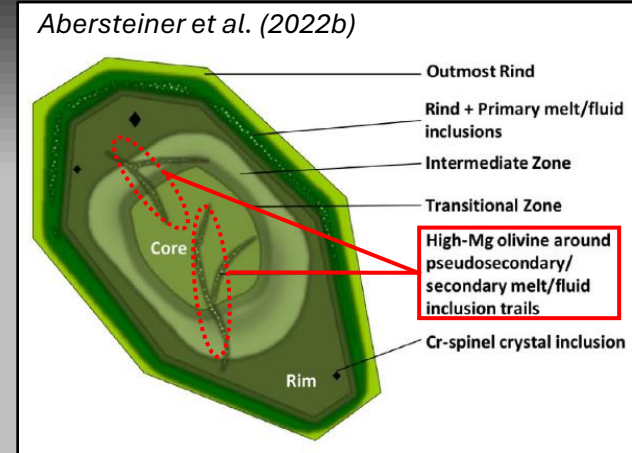
- Very common.
- Clusters of inclusions are aligned along fractures and planes + cross-cut olivine zones.
- Typically interconnected by thin channels, indicating potential modification by 'necking down'.



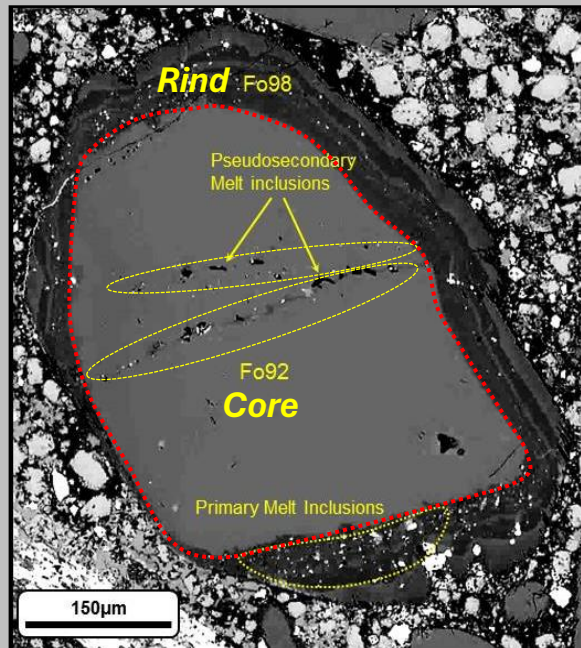
Udachnaya-East (Russia) - Abersteiner et al., (2018)

# Pseudosecondary Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

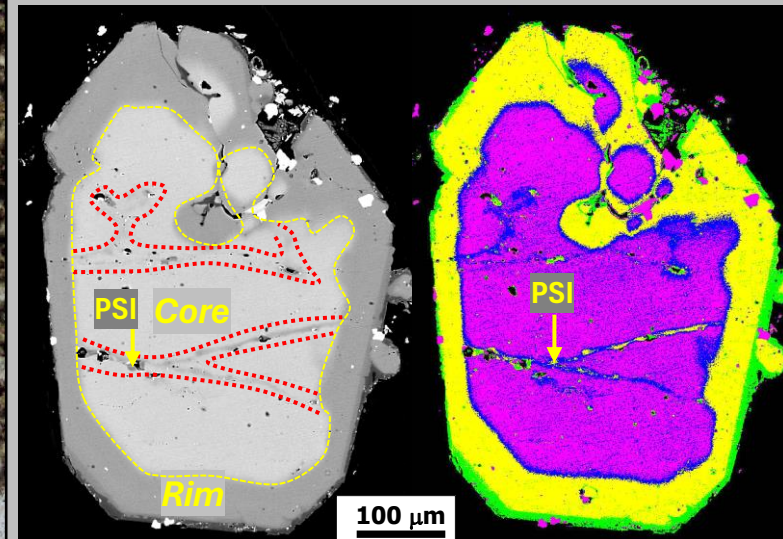
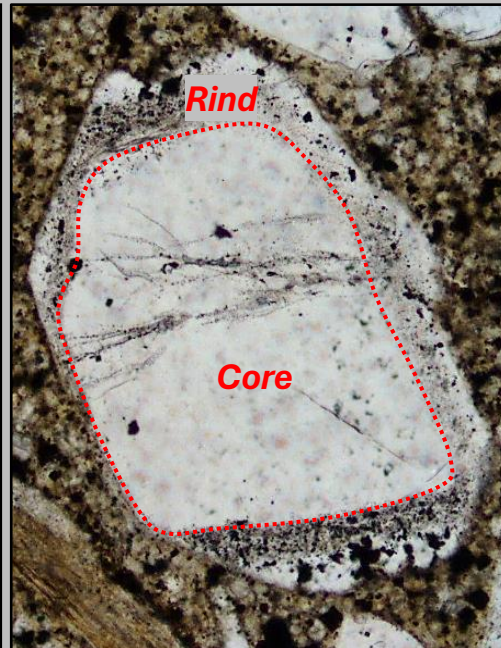
- Entrapped if a crystal cracks and heals during formation.
- Usually occur as trails and terminate abruptly at growth zones.
- Appearance is usually difficult to distinguish from secondary inclusions.



*PSI trails in olivine core terminate at the olivine rim boundary*

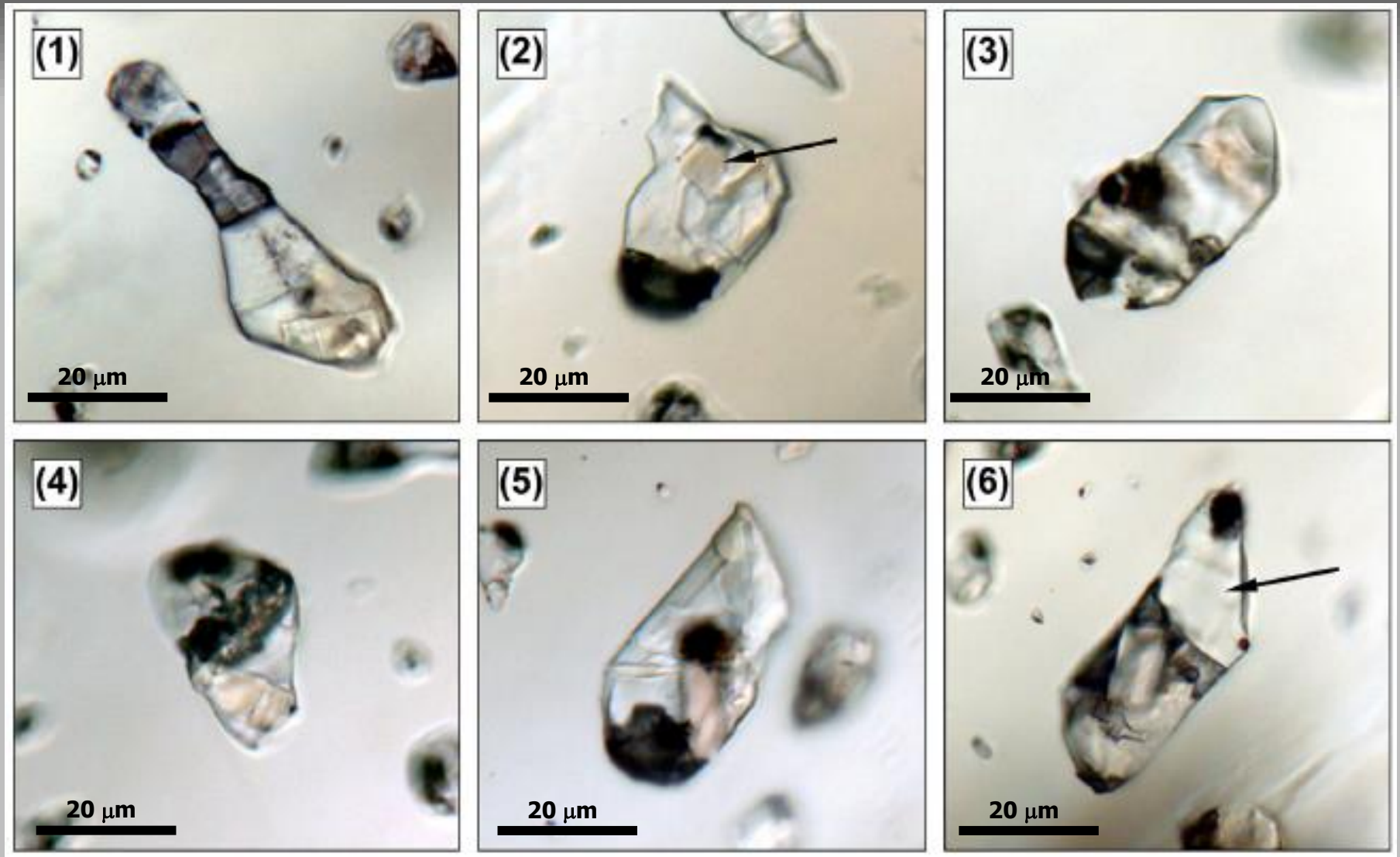


Mark kimberlite (Canada) - Abersteiner et al., (2020b)



Pseudosecondary Inclusion (PSI) trails in olivine (Udachnaya-East)  
Kamenetsky et al. (2008)

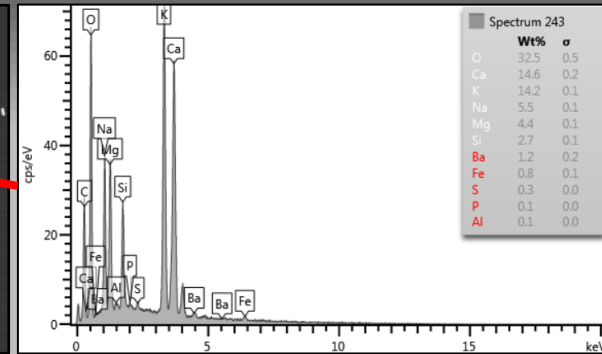
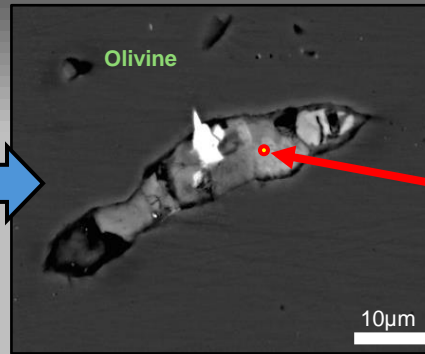
# What's Inside Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine?



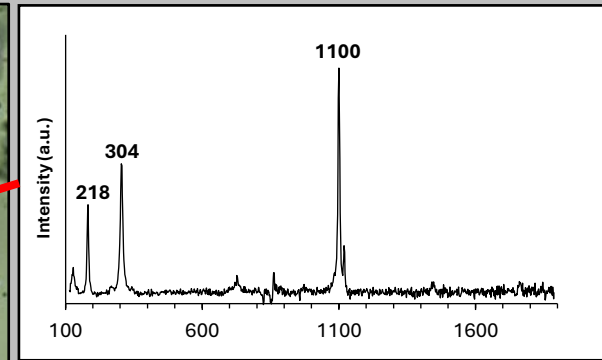
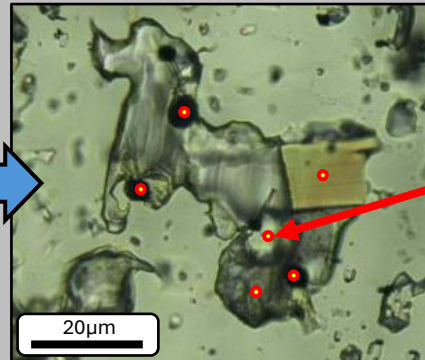
Golovin et al. (2020) – Unexposed secondary melt inclusions in olivine from a sheared garnet harzburgite xenolith (Udachnaya-East kimberlite)

# Methods of analysis

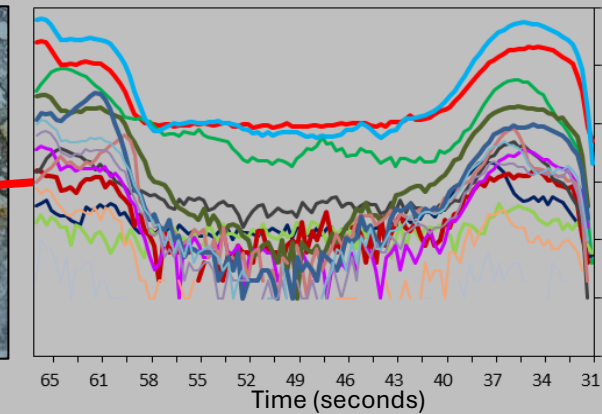
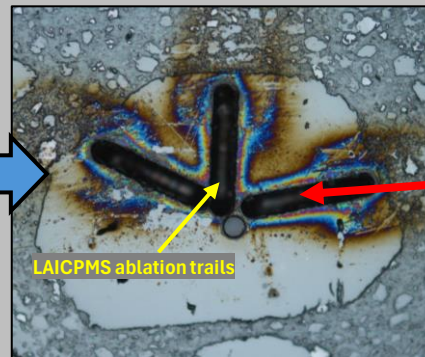
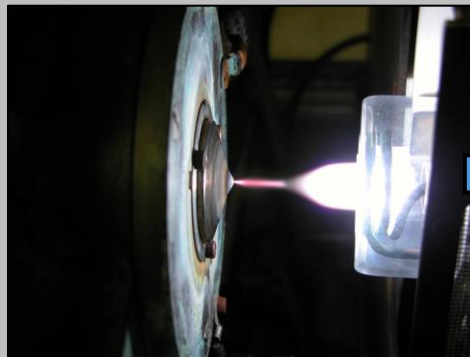
## Scanning Electron Microscope



## Raman Spectroscopy

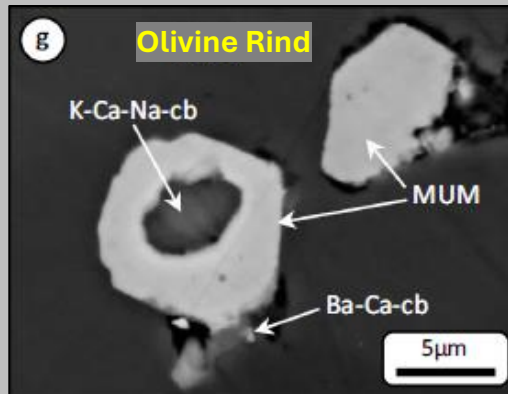
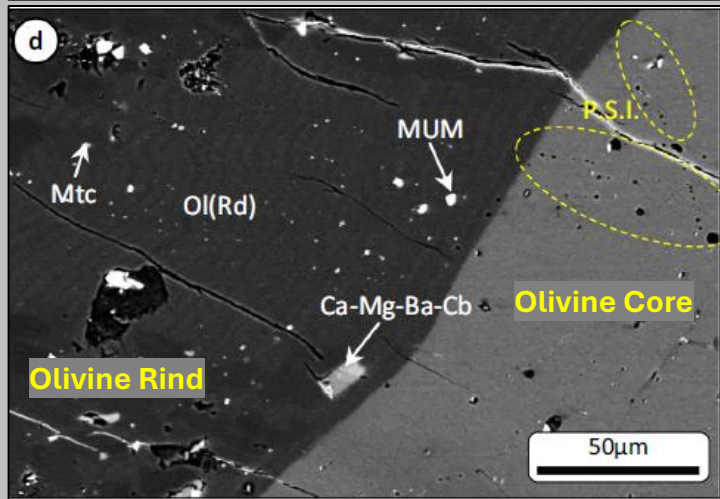
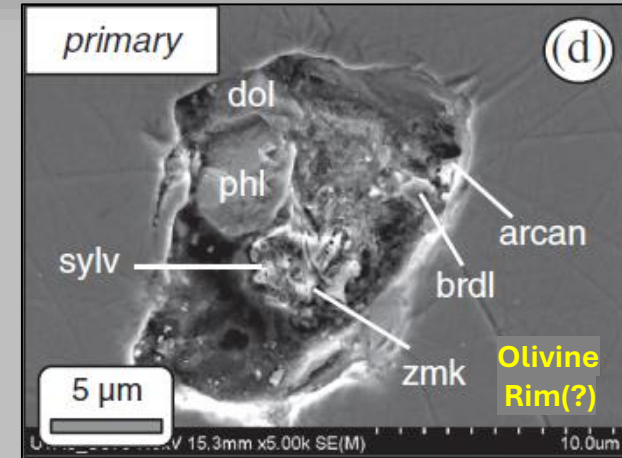
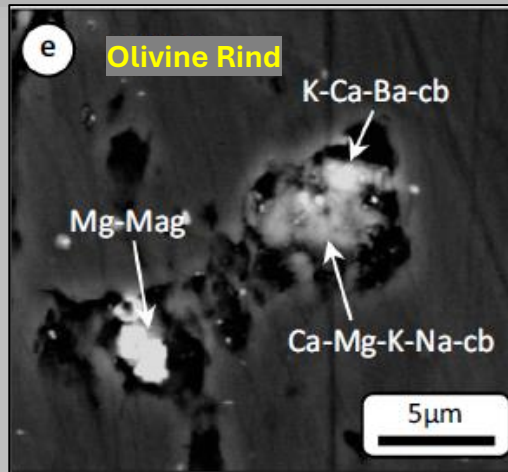
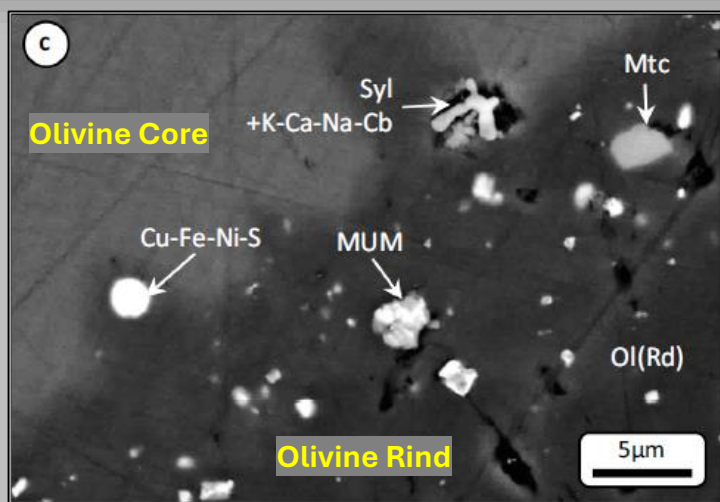


## LA-ICPMS

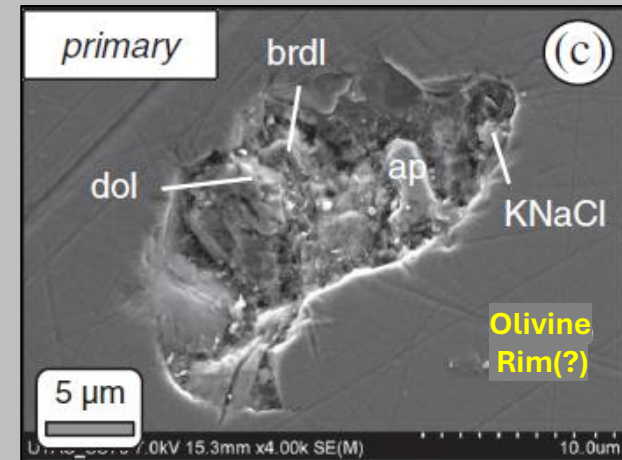


# SEM-EDS Analysis of Melt Inclusions in Olivine

## Primary Melt Inclusions in Olivine



Mark kimberlite  
Abersteiner et al. (2020b)



Bultfontein kimberlite  
Giuliani et al. (2017)

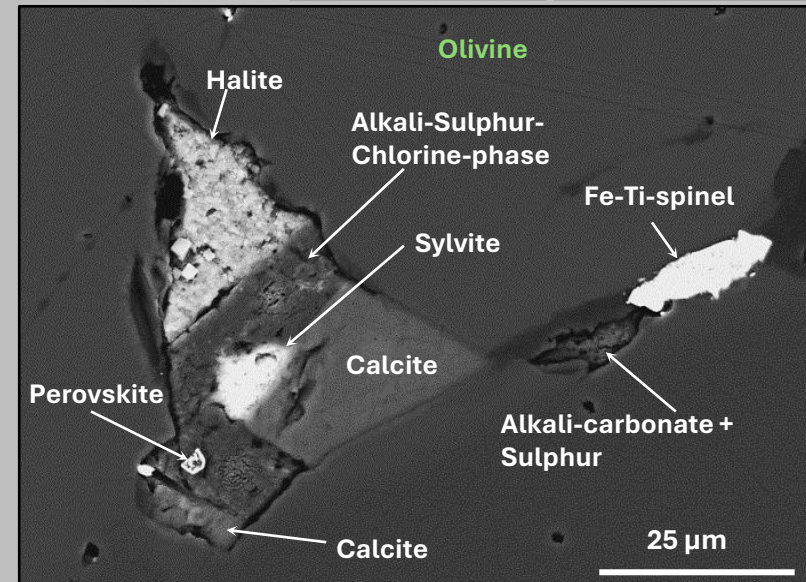
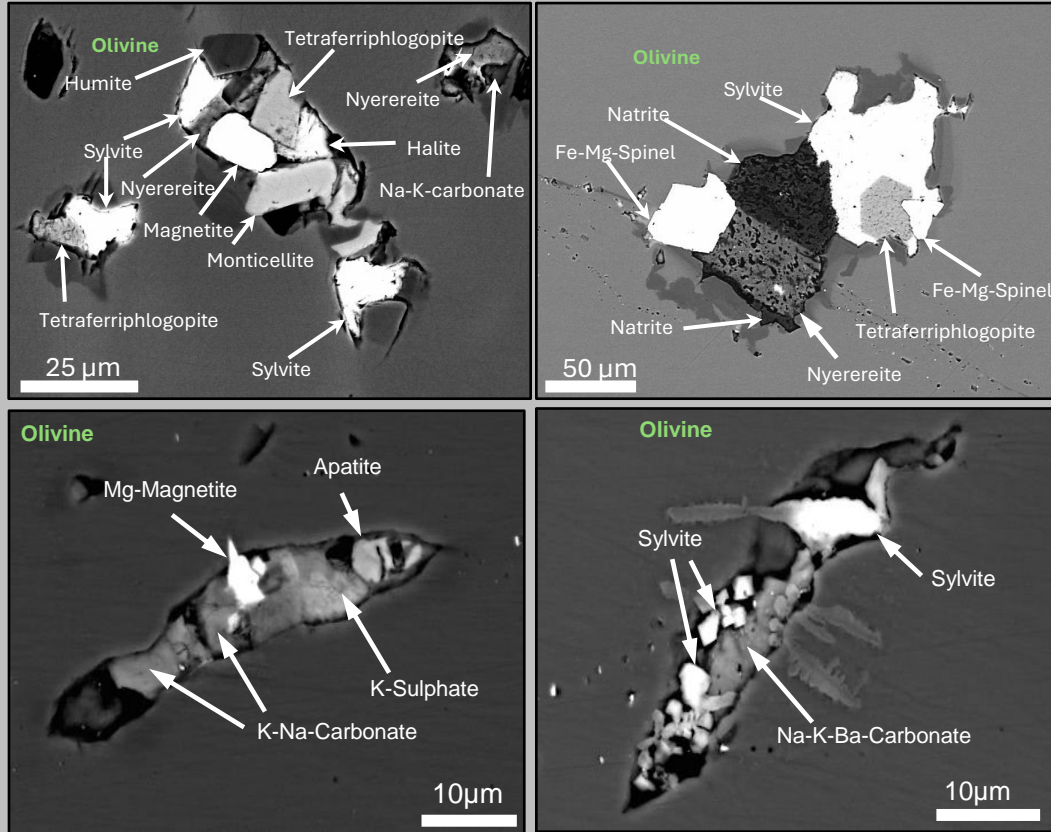
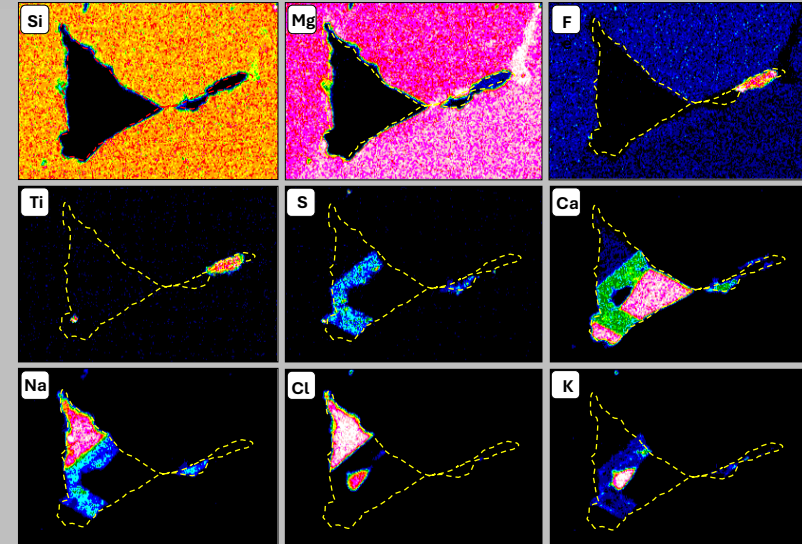
Mark kimberlite  
Abersteiner et al. (2020b)

# SEM-EDS Analysis of Melt Inclusions in Olivine

## Secondary/Pseudosecondary Melt Inclusions in Olivine

### EDS X-ray element map

Min ————— Max

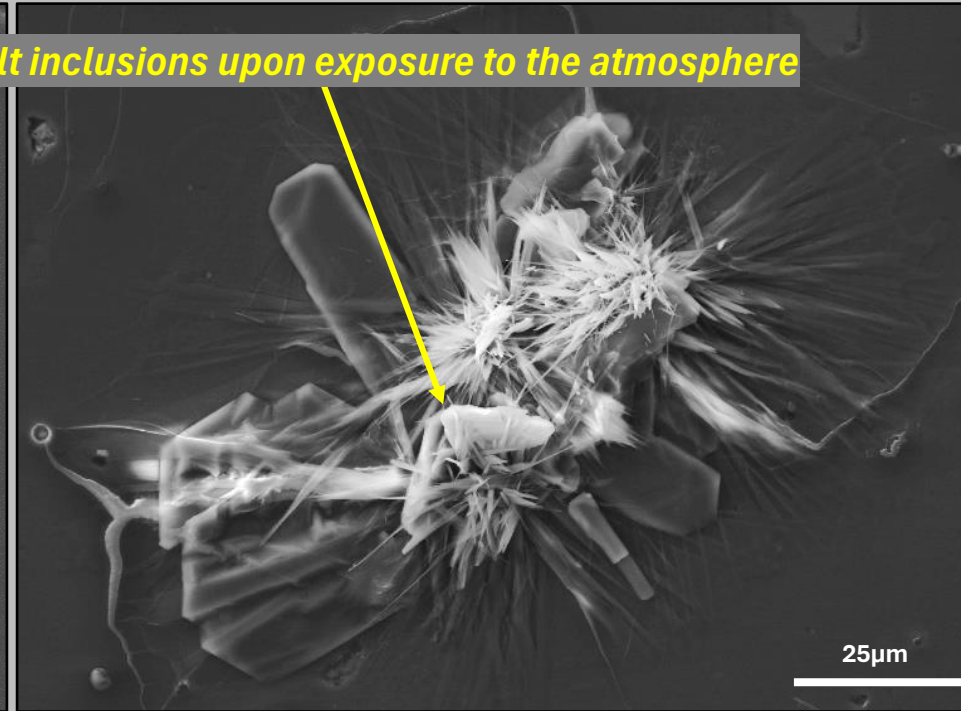
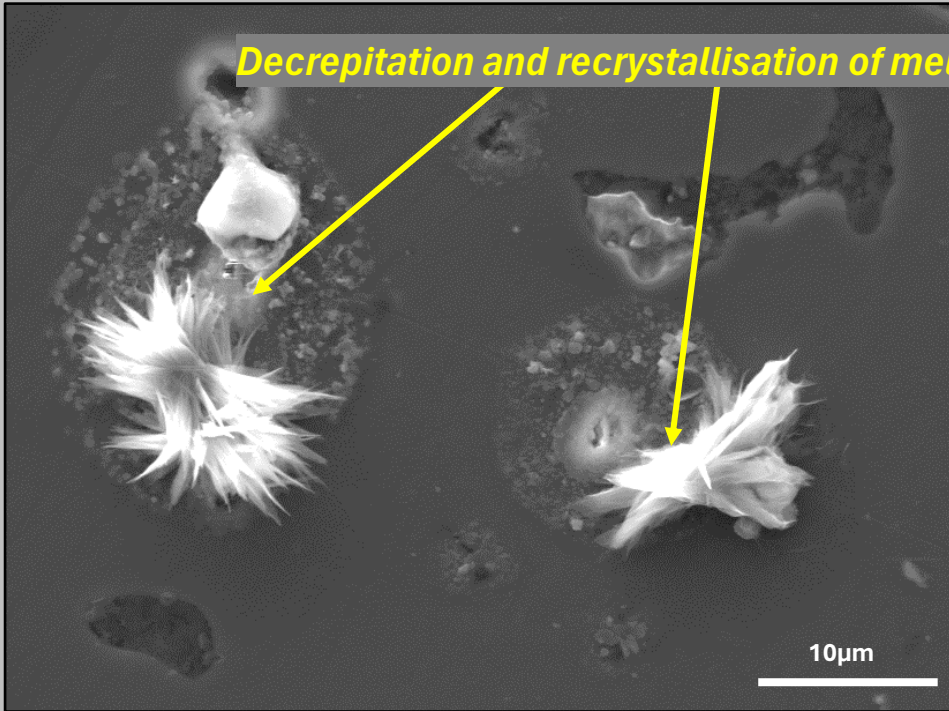


Example BSE SEM images of secondary/pseudosecondary melt inclusions in olivine. Daughter minerals were identified by EDS. Udachnaya-East kimberlite (Abersteiner et al., 2018).

# Considerations!

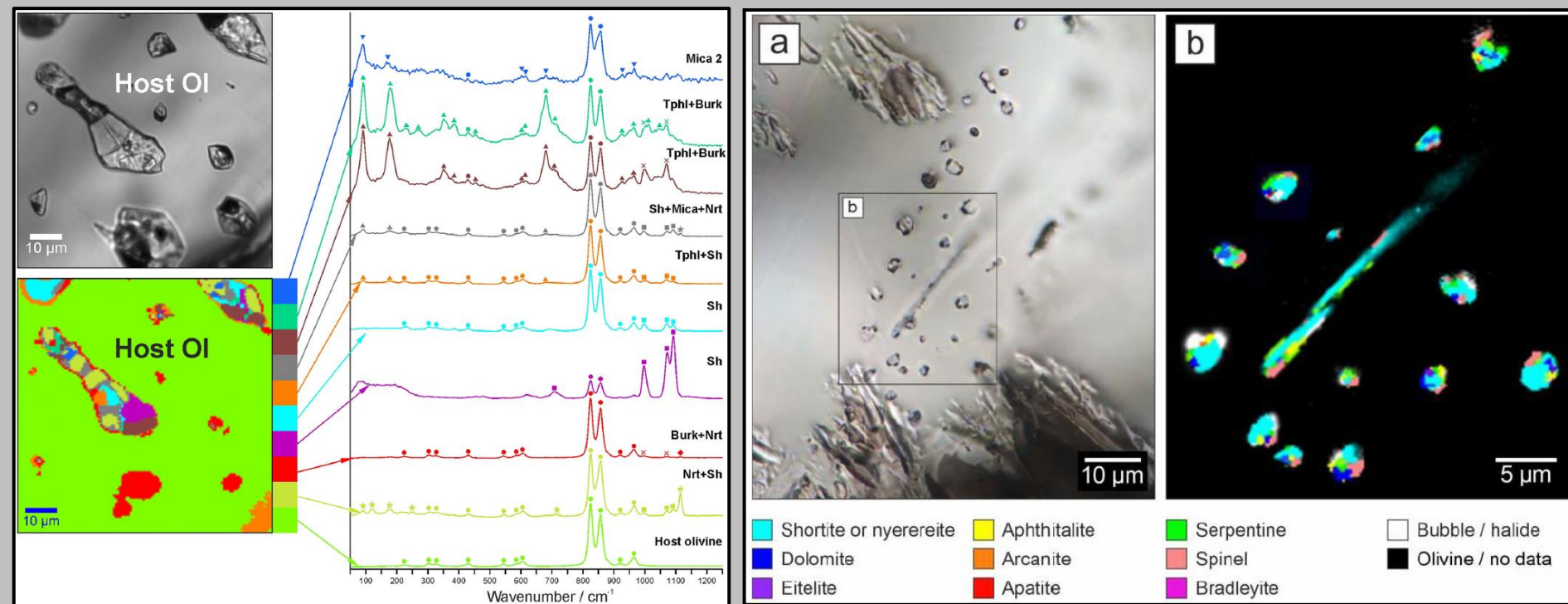
- Instability of daughter phases in melt inclusion.
- Loss of fluids/volatiles upon exposure.
- Electron beam damage.

*Decrepitation and recrystallisation of melt inclusions upon exposure to the atmosphere*



# Raman Analysis of Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

- Does not require exposure of inclusions (i.e., potential loss of volatile/fluid phases).
- Requires an established database of Raman spectra.
- Most common fluid phase is CO<sub>2</sub>.

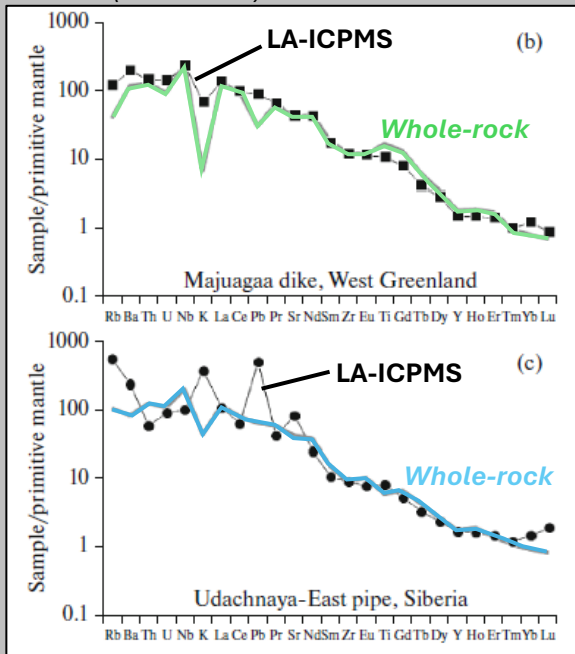


Golovin et al., (2020) – Unexposed melt inclusions in olivine from a kimberlite-hosted peridotite xenolith.

# LA-ICPMS Analysis of Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

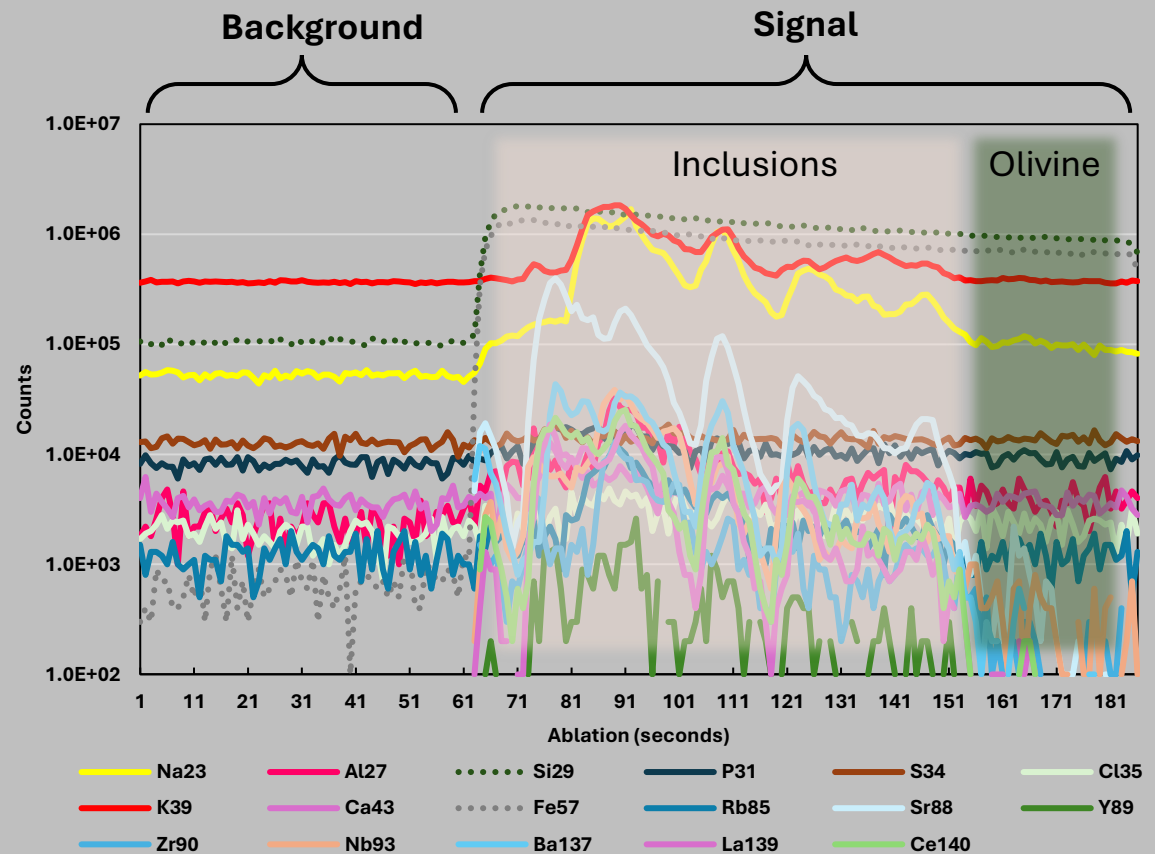


Melt/fluid inclusions in olivine from a peridotite xenolith (Bultfontein)



(Kamenetsky et al. 2009)

- Bulk homogenisation of melt/fluid inclusions in olivine.
- Challenging to quantify due to heterogeneity of inclusions.
- Method requires further development.



Example LA-ICPMS ablation of melt/fluid inclusions in olivine from a peridotite xenolith (Bultfontein)

# Experimental Heating/Cooling of Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

- **Objective:** Homogenise the daughter mineral + fluid component into a melt inside the inclusion.
- Immiscibility occurs during heating and cooling.
- No quenched/homogeneous glass produced.

Wallace et al. (2021)



Quenched silicate glass melt inclusion in basalt (Mauna Loa, Hawaii).

~1100 – 1300 °C to homogenise

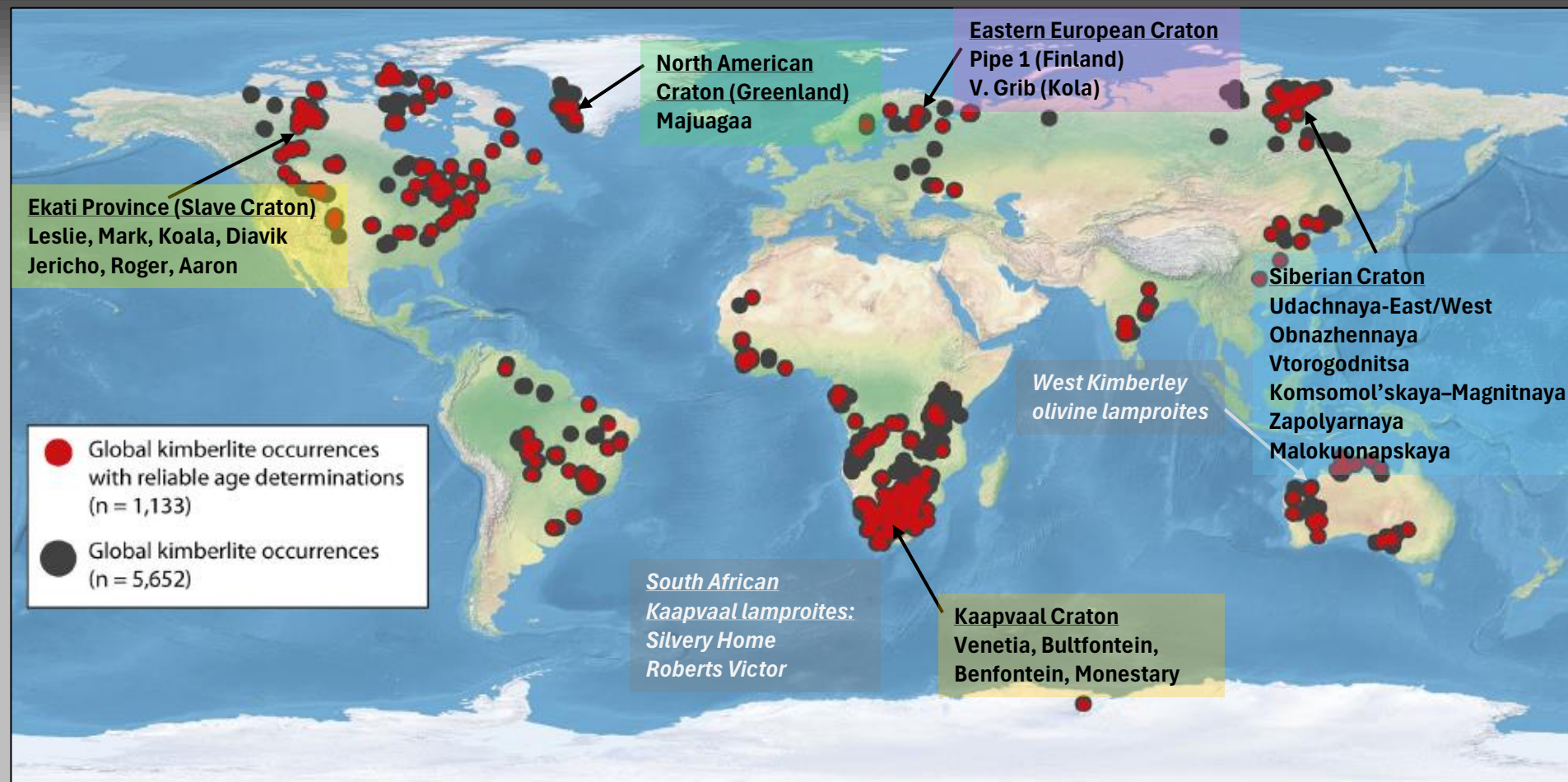


Carbonate-Chloride-Phosphate Immiscibility in melt inclusions in kimberlitic olivine.

~660 – 820°C to homogenise

Kamenetsky et al., (2013) – Melt inclusion in olivine (Koala kimberlite, Canada)

# Studies of Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine



Tappe et al. (2018)

- Confined to locations where 'fresh' olivine is preserved.
- Numerous kimberlite localities of different ages and from different cratons.
- Some detailed work on melt/fluid inclusions in olivine from olivine lamproites (Abersteiner et al. 2022a) and Kaapvaal lamproites (aka orangeites; Abersteiner et al. 2024).

# What's Inside Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine?

**Regardless of kimberlite locality, melt/fluid inclusions in olivine are characterised by:**

- Very heterogeneous daughter mineral assemblages.
- Sometimes contain shrinkage bubbles (CO<sub>2</sub>).
- No aqueous fluid or silicate glass found.
- More than >60 mineral species identified (Golovin and Kamenetsky, 2023).

## Daughter Mineral Assemblages

### Dominated by:

**Carbonates** (*alkali/alkali-earth-bearing Ca-Mg-Na-K-(Ba-Sr)*)

### Low-to-moderate amounts of:

**Chlorides** (*Na-, K-chlorides*)

**Phosphates** (*e.g., apatite, alkali-bearing*)

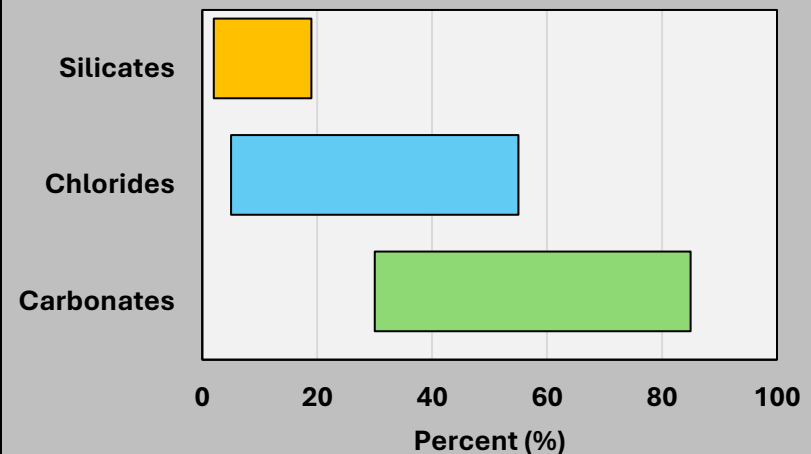
**Oxides** (*e.g., perovskite, Cr-Ti-Mg-Fe-Al spinel, ilmenite, rutile*)

**Sulphates** (*alkali-bearing*)

**Sulphides** (*Fe-Ni-, including K-Cl-bearing*)

### Low-to-rare amounts of:

**Silicates** (*e.g., phlogopite, tetraferriphlogopite, monticellite*)



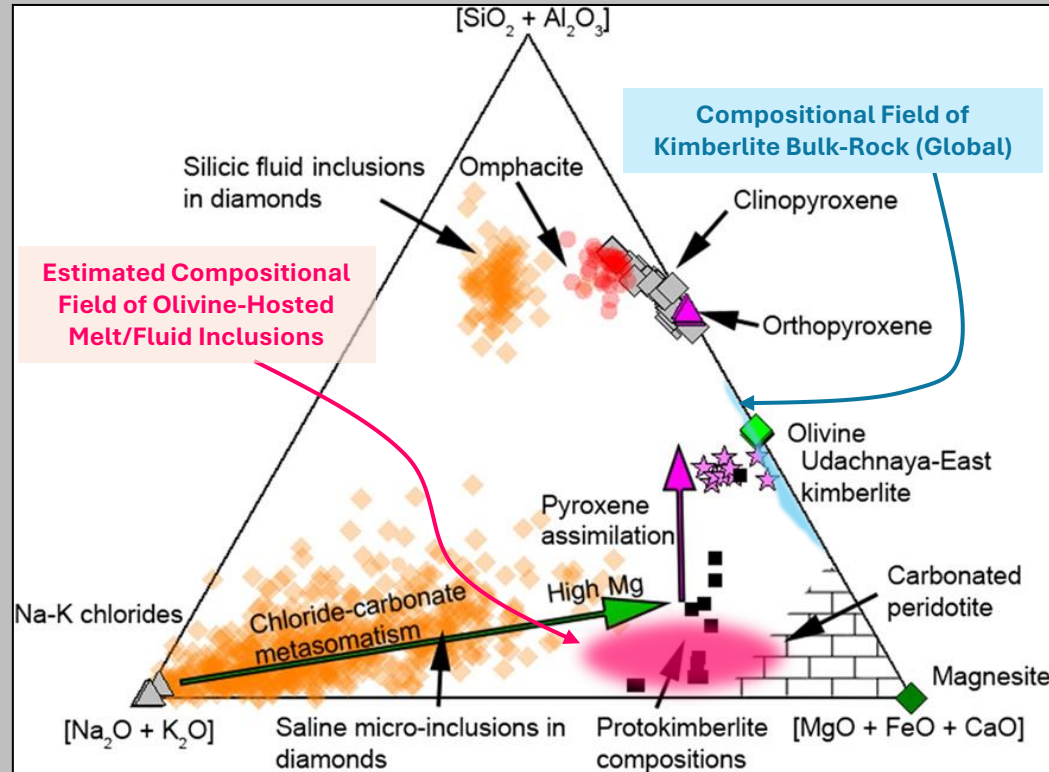
Upper and lower estimates of silicates, chlorides and carbonates in olivine-hosted melt inclusions from kimberlites

(Golovin and Kamenetsky, 2023 + references therein)

# Significance of Melt/Fluid Inclusions in Olivine

- Primary + Secondary + Pseudosecondary Melt Inclusions = Same compositions
- Melt Inclusions are enriched in  $\text{Na}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{K}_2\text{O}$ ,  $\text{CaO}$ ,  $\text{CO}_2$  and  $\text{Cl}$ , contain low-to-moderate  $\text{MgO}$  and  $\text{SiO}_2$  and depleted in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ .

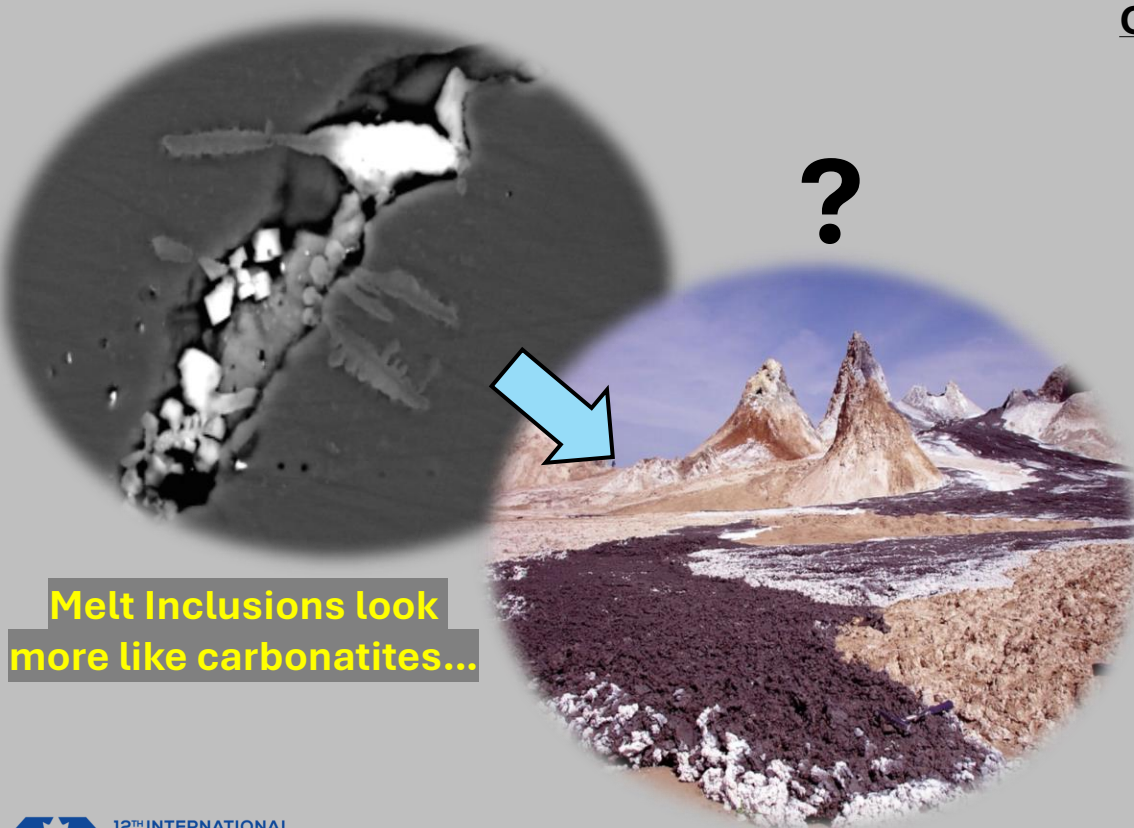
**The composition of melt inclusions is in stark contrast to the kimberlite bulk-rock.**



Modified from Förster et al. (2019)

# Insights into Primary Kimberlite Melt Compositions

- Melt/fluid inclusions suggest that the **parental kimberlite** melt was:
  - **Ca-Mg carbonate rich** (or even carbonatitic), with higher concentrations of **alkalis** (Na, K), **halogens** (F, Cl), **phosphorus** and **sulphur** than kimberlite bulk-rock.
  - **Low ultramafic and aluminosilicate** components and **H<sub>2</sub>O-poor** compared to kimberlite bulk-rock.



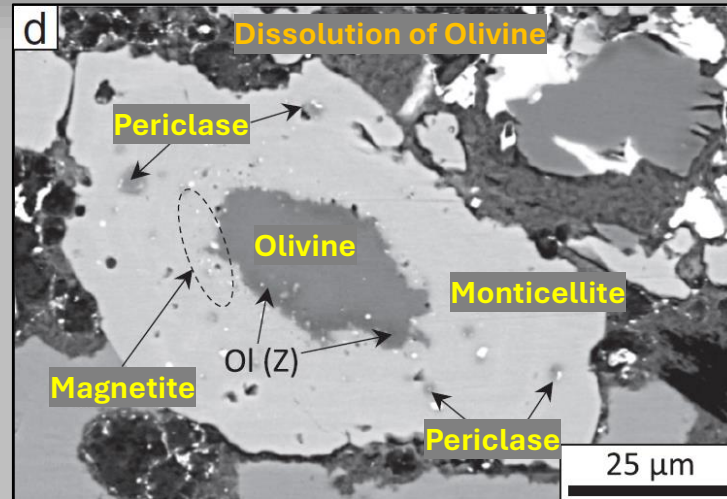
*Oldoinyo-Lengai natrocarbonatite lavas (Tanzania)*

## Global Kimberlite Bulk Rock Averages

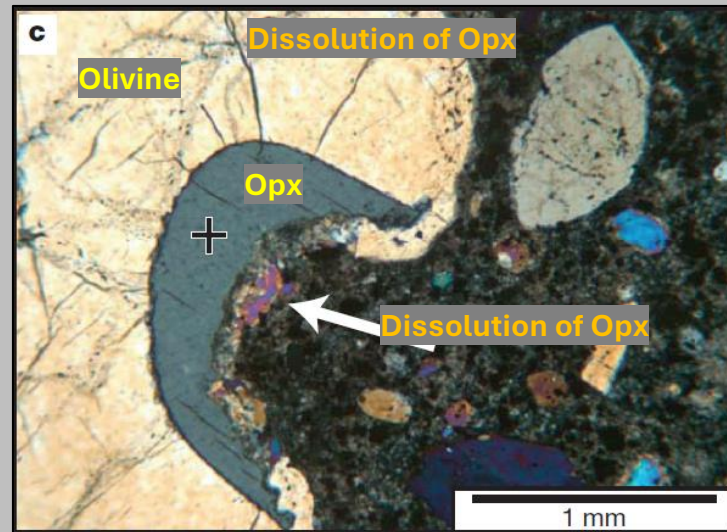
|                                | wt.%       |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| SiO <sub>2</sub>               | ~25-35 ↓   |
| TiO <sub>2</sub>               | ~1-3       |
| MgO                            | ~25-35 ↓   |
| CaO                            | ~12-20 ↑   |
| Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | ~1-3       |
| FeO                            | ~6-10      |
| K <sub>2</sub> O               | ~0.3-2 ↑   |
| Na <sub>2</sub> O              | <0.1-0.3 ↑ |
| P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>  | ~0.5-2 ↑   |
| Cl                             | <0.1 ↑     |
| F                              | <0.1 ↑     |
| H <sub>2</sub> O               | ~5-8 ↓     |
| CO <sub>2</sub>                | ~8-13 ↑    |

# Evolution of Kimberlite Melts

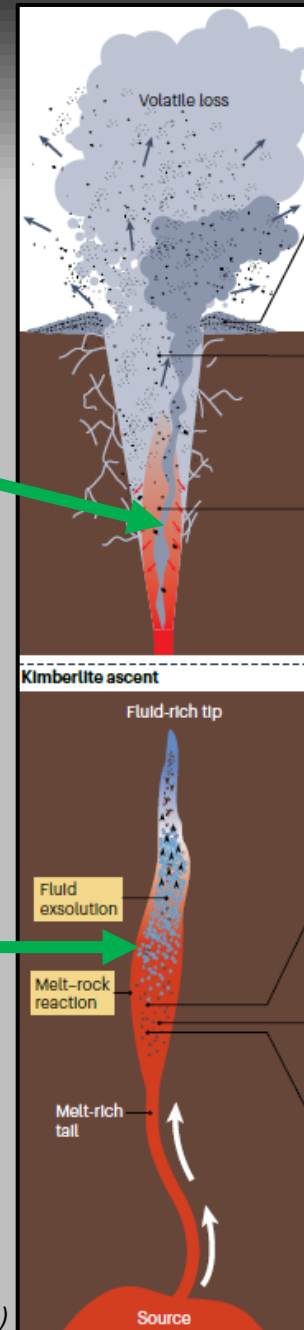
- Assimilation of mantle silicates (e.g., orthopyroxene) by carbonate-rich melt drives  $\text{CO}_2$  exsolution and **increases the ultramafic-silicate component** of kimberlite melts.
- Decarbonation reactions as a driver of kimberlite magma ascent?
- **Carbonates + alkalis, halogens, P, S lost** during kimberlite magma ascent + emplacement due to exsolution and alteration.



*Abersteiner et al. (2018c)*



*Modified from Russell et al. (2012)*



*Modified from Giuliani et al. (2023)*

# Thank you for your attention!

Acknowledgement to the key researchers and many co-authors  
who have made this research possible



Vadim S. Kamenetsky



Aleksandr V. Golovin



Maya Kamenetsky



Igor Sharygin

# Questions?

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**Adam Abersteiner**



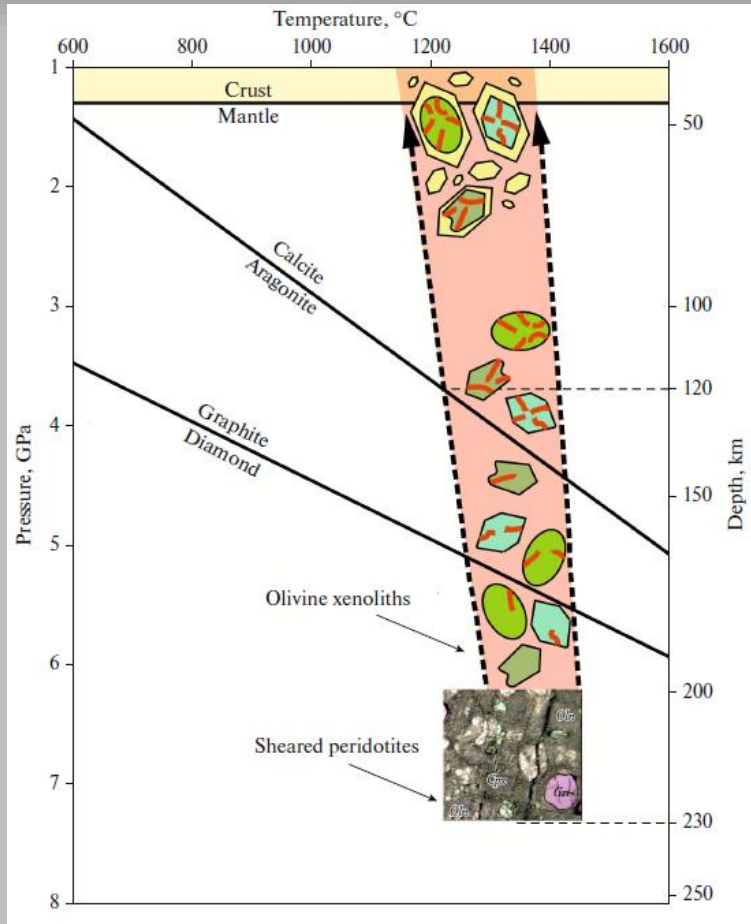
Institute for Sustainability,  
Energy and Resources.

# References

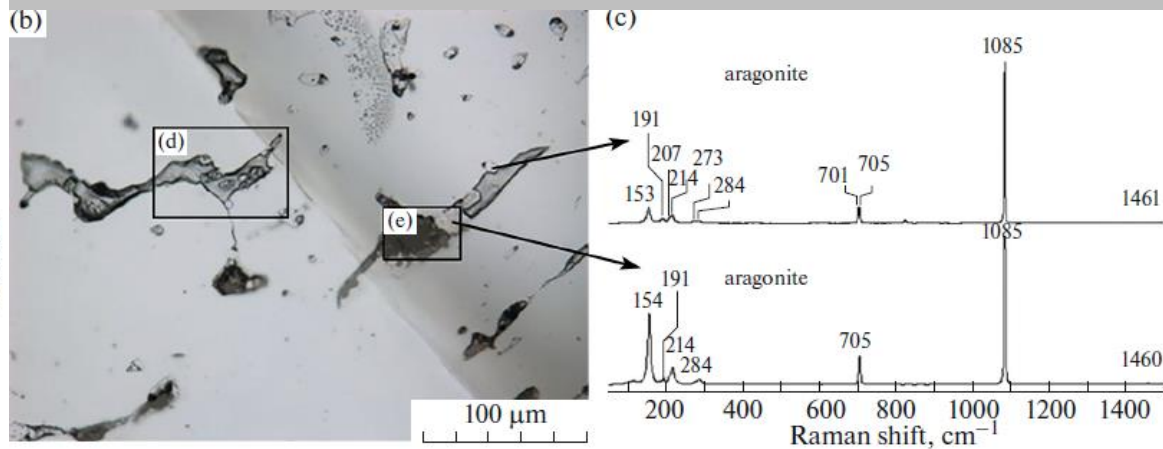
- Abersteiner, A., Golovin, A., Chayka, I., Kamenetsky, V. S., Goemann, K., Rodemann, T. & Ehrig, K. (2022a). Carbon compounds in the West Kimberley lamproites (Australia): Insights from melt and fluid inclusions. *Gondwana Research* **109**, 536-557.
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# Supplementary Slides

# Aragonite in MI – Evidence for Deep Entrapment?



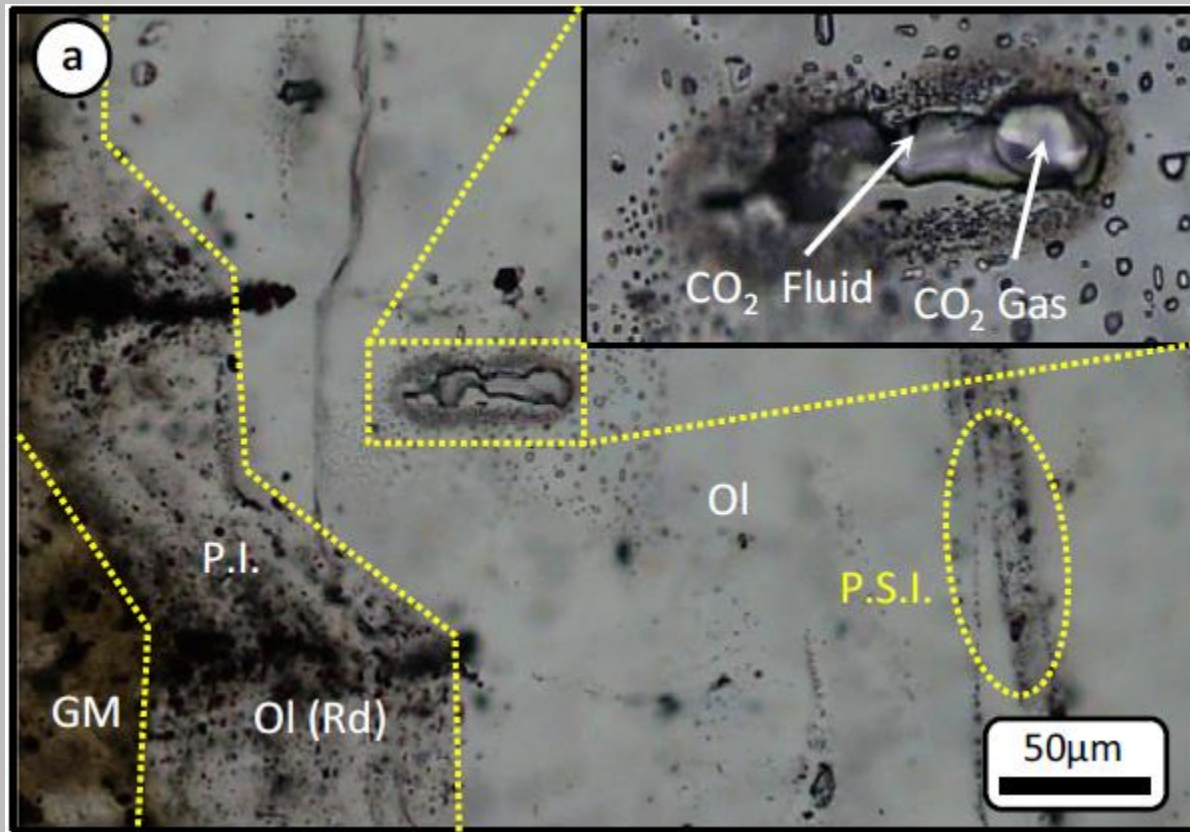
*Golovin and Kamenetsky (2023)*



- Aragonite in olivine-hosted melt inclusions in sheared peridotites.
- Aragonite is a high-pressure polymorph of CaCO<sub>3</sub>

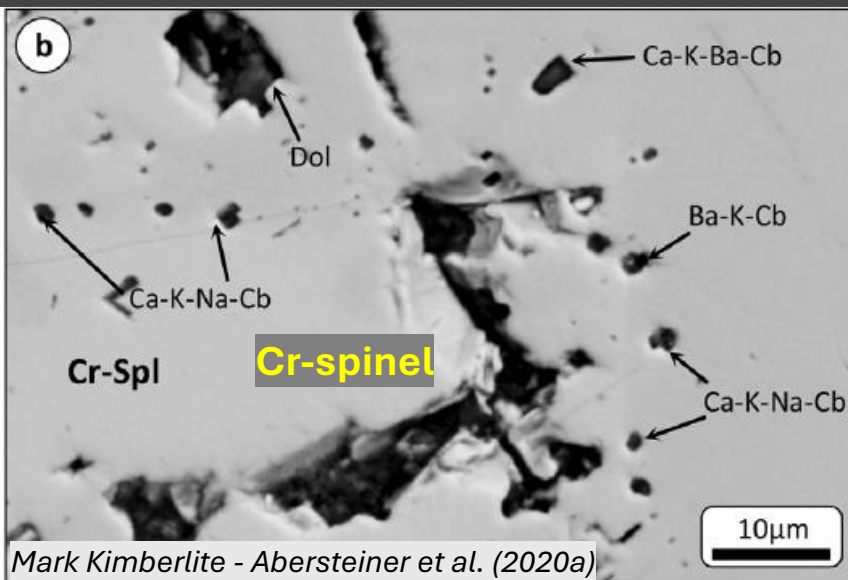
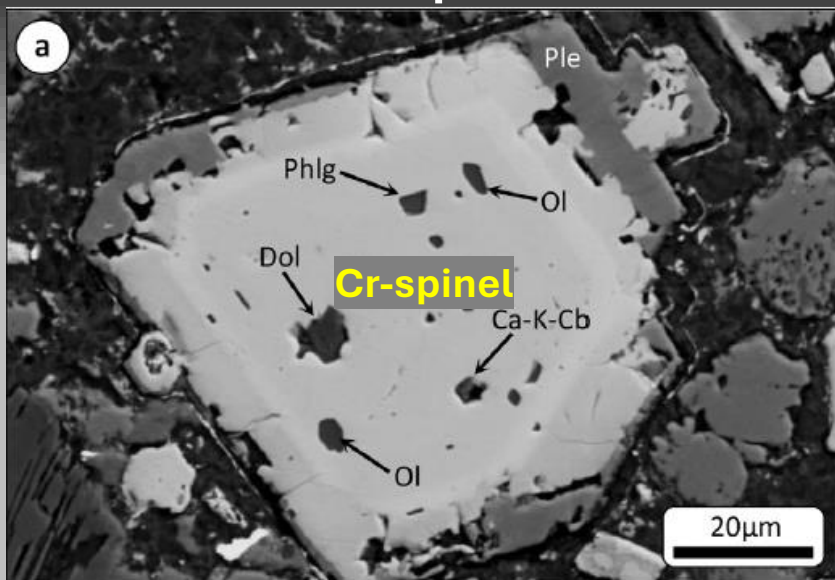
# Constraints on Deep Crustal Entrapment?

- Pseudosecondary melt/fluid inclusions containing CO<sub>2</sub> (Mark kimberlite, Canada).
- Estimated fluid densities (0.47–0.77 g/cm<sup>3</sup>)

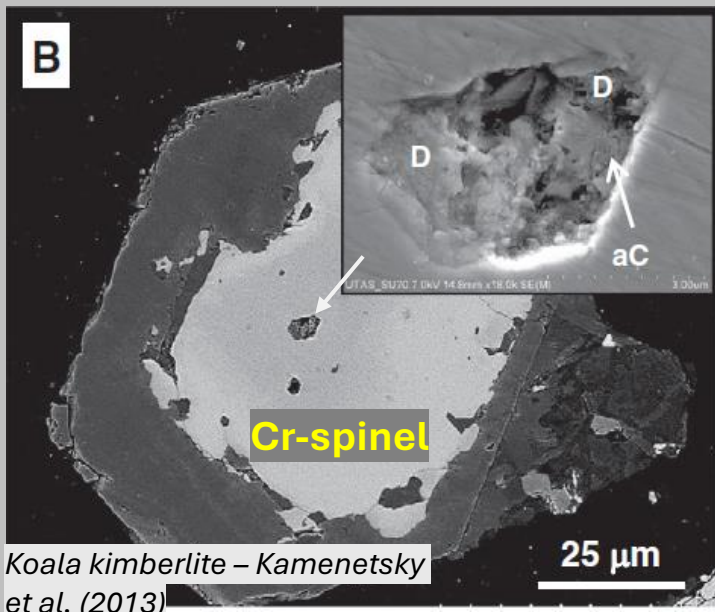


*Abersteiner et al. (2020a)*

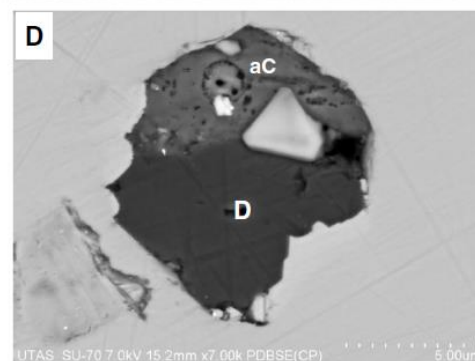
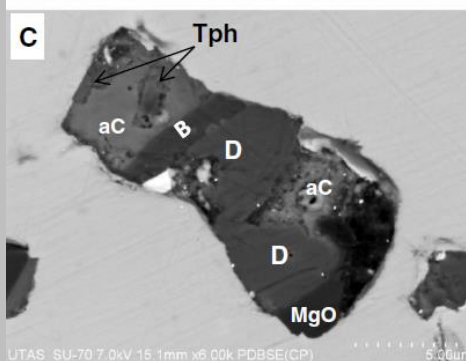
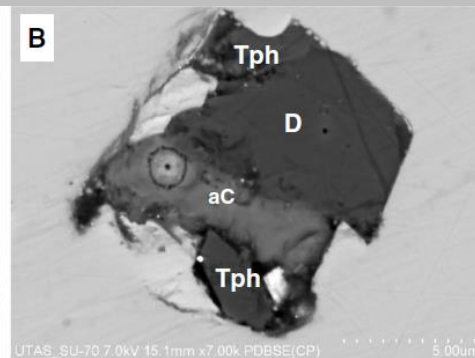
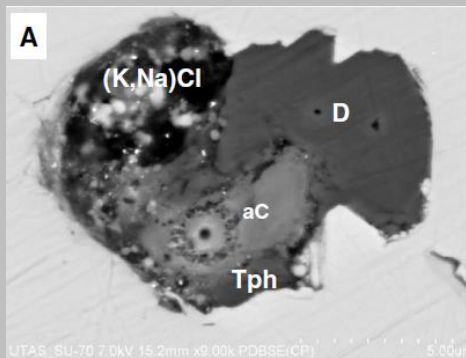
# Cr-spinel hosted Melt Inclusions



Mark Kimberlite - Abersteiner et al. (2020a)

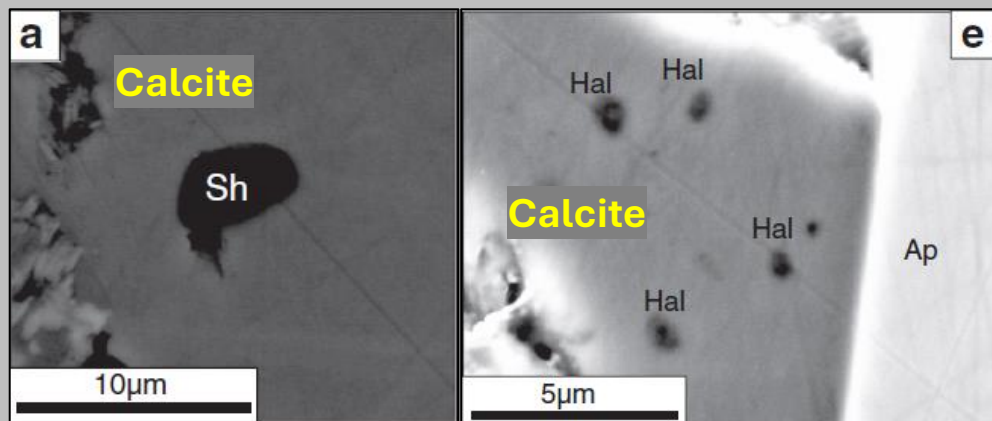
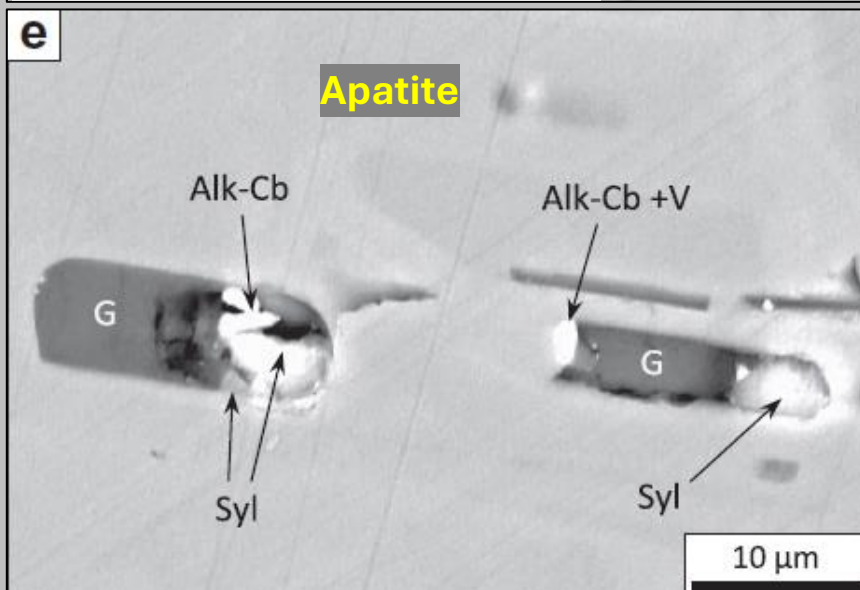
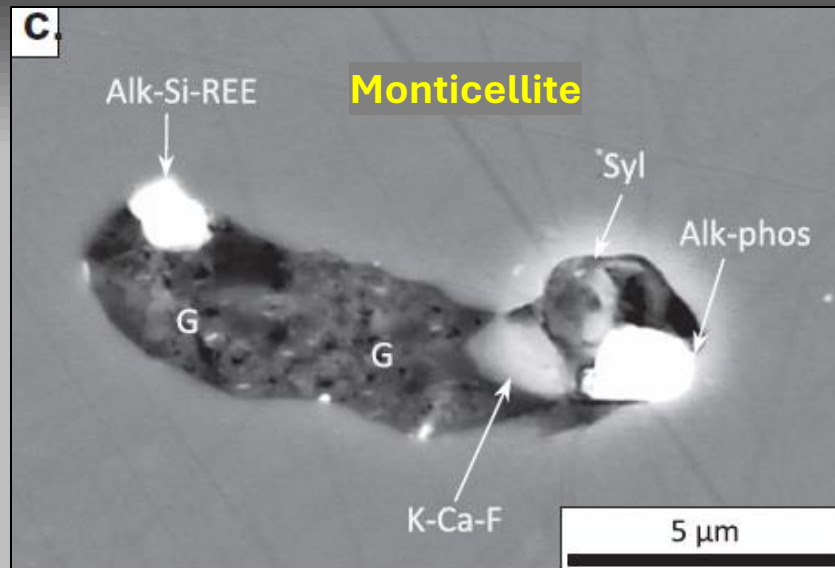
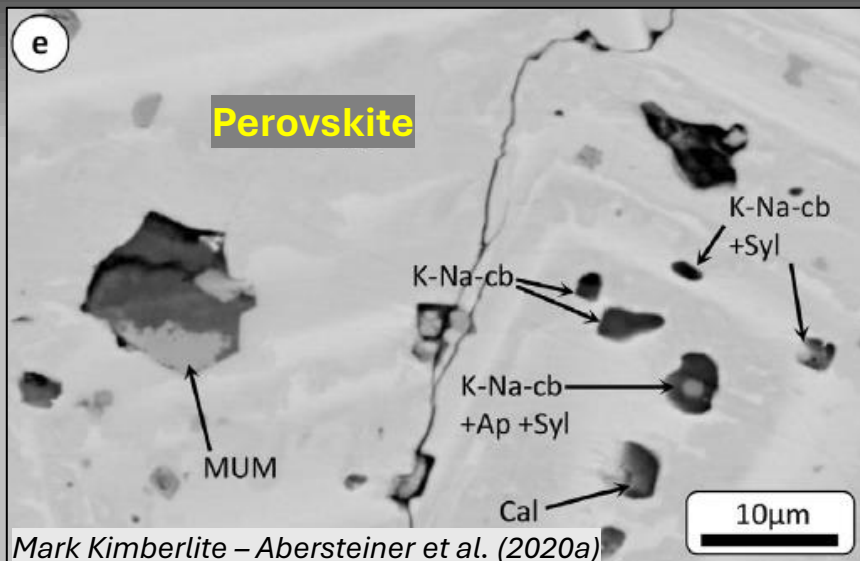


Koala kimberlite – Kamenetsky et al. (2013)



Dol/D: Dolomite, Cb: Carbonate, Ol: Olivine, Phlg: Phlogopite, Tph: Tetraferriphlogopite, aC: alkali (Na-K) carbonate, B:: Bradleyite

# Melt Inclusions in Groundmass Minerals



MUM: Magnesio-ulvospinel-magnetite, Cb: Carbonate, Syl: Sylvite, Cal: Calcite, G: Gregoryite, Alk: Alkali, Sh: Shorite, Hal: Halite.